



Federal Aviation Administration

Staffing-Related Relief Concerning Operations at Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport, John F. Kennedy International Airport, and LaGuardia Airport, October 25, 2026, Through March 27, 2027 (Winter 2026/2027), and March 28, 2027, Through October 30, 2027 (Summer 2027)

AGENCY: Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).

ACTION: Limited Waiver of the Slot Usage Requirement at DCA, JFK, and LGA.

SUMMARY: This action extends the Staffing-Related Relief Concerning Operations at Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport, John F. Kennedy International Airport, and LaGuardia Airport, initially published on September 20, 2023, and extended to October 25, 2026, through March 27, 2027 (Winter 2026/2027), and March 28, 2027, through October 30, 2027 (Summer 2027). The limited waiver is effective until October 30, 2027, and does not apply to any slots granted by the Department of Transportation pursuant to Section 502 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024.

DATES: This action is effective on [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

ADDRESSES: Requests may be submitted by mail to Slot Administration Office, System Operations Services, AJR-0, Room 300W, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591, or by email to: 7-awa-slotadmin@faa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Al Meilus, Slot Administration and Capacity Analysis, FAA ATO System Operations Services, AJR-G5, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267-2822; email al.meilus@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The New York Terminal Radar Approach Control facility (N90) currently provides Air Traffic Control (ATC) services to overhead flights in the Northeast corridor and to the New York

City area airports, including John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK) and LaGuardia Airport (LGA). The airspace complexity resulting from the close proximity of the major commercial airports serving the New York City region is a significant contributing factor to delays at JFK and LGA. Against this challenging backdrop, although FAA is accelerating the hiring and training for air traffic controllers, key facilities face staffing shortfalls that impact ATC's ability to efficiently manage the volume of air traffic in this congested airspace.

As a result of the staffing constraints, FAA previously issued relief from minimum usage requirements on September 20, 2023, which applied to the Winter 2023/2024 season and Summer 2024 season.¹ Subsequently, that relief was extended through the Winter 2024/2025 and Summer 2025 seasons² and the Winter 2025/2026 and Summer 2026 seasons.³

FAA had previously determined that the New York Area Terminal Radar Approach Control (TRACON), known as "N90," needs to reach at least 70% of its targeted number of onboard Certified Professional Controllers (CPCs) to efficiently manage the full capacity of the New York airspace that was in place prior to May 15, 2023. FAA has made significant changes to increase N90 staffing through a combination of incentive and training programs, as well as by relocating control of the Newark Liberty International Airport (EWR) area from N90 to the Philadelphia Terminal Radar Approach Control (PHL) beginning in late July 2024.

The targeted staffing number at N90 is 226 CPCs; the current CPC onboard number at N90 is 129 (representing 57 percent staffed).

At one time, N90 had been responsible for overseeing the Newark area, with 33 CPCs designated for that area. In July of 2024, FAA relocated control of the Newark area from N90 to PHL. Twenty-four of the 33 CPCs also relocated to PHL, while the remaining CPCs started training in preparation for reassignment to other areas in N90.⁴

¹ 88 FR 64793 (Sept. 20, 2023).

² 89 FR 49256 (June 11, 2024).

³ 90 FR 35360 (July 25, 2025).

⁴ Previous iterations of this staffing-related relief included EWR. However, after the EWR delay reduction meetings held on May 14-16, 2025, FAA determined the targeted scheduling limits at EWR needed to decrease due to

At N90, aggressive training plans are in place to certify both new trainees and those CPCs previously overseeing the Newark area who did not transfer to PHL. FAA believes that those CPCs in training for reassignment will certify much more quickly than new trainees who do not have previous N90 experience. This will allow N90 to make significant gains in its staffing percentages over 2026 and 2027. N90 currently has 50 trainees in various phases of training.

The operational impact of changes to address N90 staffing shortages will not be realized immediately but there is a path to mitigating the impact. Although staffing projections indicate that FAA will not reach 70% of the targeted staffing level until after the conclusion of 2027, FAA is taking a measured approach and providing relief in this waiver notice only until the end of Summer 2027.

With ever-growing demand for air travel in the New York City region, additional measures are necessary to ensure that FAA is able to provide expeditious services to aircraft operators and their passengers that traverse this airspace. Early discussions with carriers indicate an interest in increasing operations after October 24, 2026, through most of Winter 2026/2027 and for all of Summer 2027. This being the case, FAA expects increased delays and cancellations in the New York region to exceed those experienced over Summer 2022 and Winter 2022/2023⁵ if a waiver similar to the one that has been in effect from Summer 2023 through Summer 2026 is not extended through Summer 2027 to allow carriers to reduce schedules without penalties for non-use of slots or previously approved operating times. Reducing schedules will improve the alignment between scheduled operations and actual operations, will help prevent unnecessary delays, will help optimize the efficient use of the airports' resources, and will help deliver passengers to their destinations more reliably and on time.

staffing, construction and technology issues at the airport. EWR will be addressed in a separate action in order to address the particular challenges and circumstances present at that airport. See 90 FR 20545 (May 14, 2025).

⁵ Refer to "Analysis" section for delay analysis.

Summary of Petitions Received

On April 21, 2025, Airlines for America (A4A) submitted a petition on behalf of its member carriers⁶ requesting an extension of the current relief provided by FAA due to post-pandemic effects on ATC staffing at N90 through the end of the Summer 2027 season. A4A asserts that the current slot waiver successfully created a better travel experience for consumers and that the underlying conditions creating the need for a waiver still exist as staffing shortages persist. A4A expresses appreciation for the steps taken towards hiring and retaining CPCs and in moving oversight of the Newark airspace from N90 to PHL, but stated that these initiatives would take years to effectively stabilize staffing levels. In addition, A4A requests that FAA restore carriers' ability to request retroactive relief if the impacts of controller staffing shortages are even more severe than anticipated and that FAA not reallocate returned slots for ad-hoc use during the waiver period. Finally, A4A requests that FAA make a timely decision regarding relief as time is needed to give carriers stability and the ability to plan.

Standard

At JFK and LGA, slot-holding carriers must use each assigned slot at least 80 percent of the time.⁷ FAA will withdraw slots not meeting the minimum usage requirements. FAA may waive the 80 percent usage requirement in the event of a highly unusual and unpredictable condition that is beyond the control of the slot-holding air carrier, and which affects carrier operations for a period of five consecutive days or more.⁸

⁶ A4A members are Alaska Air Group, Inc.; American Airlines Group, Inc.; Atlas Air Worldwide Holdings, Inc.; Delta Air Lines, Inc.; FedEx Corp.; Hawaiian Airlines; JetBlue Airways Corp.; Southwest Airlines Co.; United Airlines Holdings, Inc.; and United Parcel Service Co. Air Canada is an associate member.

⁷ Operating Limitations at John F. Kennedy International Airport, 89 FR 41486 (May 13, 2024); Operating Limitations at New York LaGuardia Airport, 89 FR 41484 (May 13, 2024). Note that FAA extended the Operating Limitations at John F. Kennedy International Airport and the Operating Limitations at New York LaGuardia Airport through the end of the Summer 2028 scheduling season, October 28, 2028, as published elsewhere in this issue of the *Federal Register*.

⁸ At JFK, FAA will determine historical rights to operating authorizations and withdrawal of those rights due to insufficient usage on a seasonal basis and in accordance with the schedule approved by FAA prior to the commencement of the applicable season. *See* JFK Order, 89 FR at 41488. At LGA, FAA will withdraw any operating authorization not used at least 80% of the time over a two-month period. *See* LGA Order, 89 FR at 41485.

At Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (DCA), FAA also will recall any slot not used at least 80 percent of the time over a two-month period.⁹ FAA may waive this minimum usage requirement in the event of a highly unusual and unpredictable condition that is beyond the control of the slot-holding carrier, and which exists for a period of nine or more days.¹⁰

In determining historical rights to allocated slots, including whether to grant a waiver of the usage requirement, FAA seeks to ensure the efficient use of valuable aviation infrastructure and maximize the benefits to both airport users and the traveling public. The minimum usage requirement is expected to accommodate routine cancellations under all but the most unusual circumstances. Carriers proceed at their own risk if they make scheduling decisions in anticipation of FAA granting a slot usage waiver.

Analysis

The number of certified controllers at N90 is still not sufficient to allow FAA to handle normal traffic levels. FAA has worked with the National Air Traffic Controllers Association (NATCA) on a long-term solution to solve the chronic low levels of fully certified air traffic controllers at that facility through a combination of incentive and training programs, as well as relocating control of the EWR area to PHL. FAA will continue to partner with NATCA as it continues efforts to remediate ATC staffing shortages at N90.

Due to the volume of originating and destination flights in the New York City region, as well as the interdependency and complexity of the airspace surrounding JFK and LGA, delays caused in part by N90 staffing shortfalls are expected to significantly impact carriers' ability to operate and meet minimum usage requirements in Winter 2026/2027 and Summer 2027. Absent increased flexibility, FAA anticipates a high likelihood of congestion, delay, and cancellations at JFK and LGA.

⁹ See 14 CFR 93.227(a).

¹⁰ See 14 CFR 93.227(j).

Typically, the 20 percent non-utilization allowed under the minimum usage requirement accounts for cancellations due to ATC staffing delays; however, the extent of N90 staffing shortfalls and the expected numbers of scheduled operations for Winter 2026/2027 and Summer 2027 present a highly unusual and unpredictable condition beyond the control of carriers that will impact operations through the entire Winter 2026/2027 and Summer 2027 scheduling seasons.

To ensure there is an adequate basis for this waiver, FAA reviewed the results of a delay model. Using the Annual Service Volume (ASV) model,¹¹ FAA projected the delay the NYC airports would experience in the absence of a waiver for Summer 2024.¹² Using Summer 2022 data¹³ as baseline comparison, FAA estimated Summer 2024 would have experienced an increase of operations of 8.8 percent to 11 percent,¹⁴ which would have resulted in 2.3 to 2.8 million minutes of additional delay, or 53 percent to 65 percent additional delay, compared to the delay experienced in Summer 2022. Because demand has remained the same or increased, in the absence of a waiver, FAA expects these delay numbers, at a minimum, to remain valid through Summer 2027.

Therefore, a waiver of minimum slot usage requirements at JFK and LGA through October 30, 2027, would be likely to allow carriers to reduce operations to enable scheduling and operational stability for the benefit of the flying public.

In addition, because New York City-DCA is a high-frequency market for multiple carriers, FAA recognizes this market is a likely target for carriers to consolidate flights while

¹¹ FAA-developed modeling suite of tools for conducting operational impact analysis for airports and to establish the annual service volume for airports. ASV simulations relate total annual operations to a target delay value and are used by FAA in reports to Congress that identify the airports projected to constrain the NAS. See https://www.faa.gov/about/office_org/headquarters_offices/ato/service_units/systemops/perf_analysis/sim_tools.

¹² FAA projected a Summer 2024 scenario because FAA has already received the air carrier schedules for Summer 2024.

¹³ Summer 2022 data is used as baseline for comparison because this was the last summer scheduling season unaffected by the ATC waivers.

¹⁴ Under the current waiver, carriers returned 9% of their initially submitted schedules. Compared to Summer 2023, scheduled operations in Summer 2024 increased by 2%. If FAA assumes an 80% actual usage rate, that results in 8.8% (that is, $((0.09 + 0.02) \times 0.8 = 0.088)$) increase of actual operations. If FAA assumes 100% actual usage rate, then that would be an 11% $(0.09 + 0.02)$ increase.

retaining their network connectivity. If carriers choose to reduce their schedules in the New York City-DCA market, FAA encourages, to the extent practical, carriers to utilize their DCA slots to operate to other destinations. However, if carriers choose not to utilize their DCA slots elsewhere, FAA may consider providing relief to DCA slots that are impacted by the reduction in operations at the New York City airports, except that the limited waiver of the minimum slot usage requirements is not available for any slots granted by the DOT pursuant to Section 502 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024 (P.L. 118-63).

Carriers have the ability to request retroactive relief subject to a case-by-case review; however, they should be aware that the N90 staffing shortfalls will not likely form a sufficient basis for further relief after Winter 2026/2027 and Summer 2027 because carriers will have had sufficient opportunity to plan and take remedial action under this waiver policy. FAA does not foresee providing additional post-hoc relief associated with ATC staffing given the extraordinary relief provided here. Given this relief, operational impacts associated with N90 staffing during Winter 2026/2027 and Summer 2027 will likely not have been beyond carriers' control and will not serve as a justification for a separate waiver.

Moreover, access to the New York City airspace is a scarce and valuable public asset, and airlines and airports should be making the most appropriate use of this asset in support of the traveling public and the national economy without broad, prospective waivers. Going forward beyond the Summer 2027 season, FAA does not anticipate issuing further broad, prospective relief.

Decision

FAA determined that the post-pandemic effects on N90 staffing meet the applicable waiver standards and warrant a limited waiver of minimum slot usage requirements at JFK and LGA to allow carriers to return up to 10 percent of their slots at each airport, as well as impacted operations between DCA and JFK or LGA. Despite staffing projections indicating N90 will not reach 70 percent of the targeted staffing level until after the conclusion of 2027, FAA is taking a

measured approach and providing relief in this waiver notice only until the end of Summer 2027. FAA will re-evaluate the staffing levels at N90 and the impact to operations in the New York City area before deciding if a waiver beyond Summer 2027 is necessary.

Carriers seeking to return their slots must do so by August 15, 2026, for Winter 2026/2027 (October 25, 2026, through March 27, 2027); and by January 15, 2027, for Summer 2027 (March 28, 2027, through October 30, 2027) to be eligible for relief under this waiver. For DCA, this relief is available only for flights impacted by operations to or from JFK or LGA. Furthermore, FAA expects carriers to up-gauge aircraft serving the affected airports to the extent possible to maintain passenger throughput and minimize the impact on consumers. FAA also expects carriers to maintain connections between the affected airports and regional airports to the extent possible in support of continuous scheduled interstate air transportation for small communities and isolated areas. FAA will closely coordinate with the Office of the Secretary of Transportation, which will be monitoring for indications of unfair, deceptive, or anticompetitive practices or other unlawful economic activity associated with or resulting from the relief granted by this notice. In addition, FAA expects carriers to return scheduled operations in the peak delay periods of the day. The following hours (in local time) are the most prone to delay at each airport: JFK: 1300–2259 and LGA: 1300–2159.

FAA will not reallocate the temporarily returned slots at JFK and LGA, as the goal is to reduce the total volume of operations in the New York City region. Carriers are encouraged to utilize their DCA slots in other markets before returning them to FAA. In the event DCA slots are returned under this waiver, other carriers will have an opportunity to operate the slots on an *ad hoc* basis without historic precedence.

FAA will treat as used the specific slots returned in accordance with the conditions in this notice for the period from October 25, 2026, through March 27, 2027 (Winter 2026/2027), and March 28, 2027, through October 30, 2027 (Summer 2027).

The relief is subject to the following conditions:

1. The specific slots must be returned to FAA by August 15, 2026, for Winter 2026/2027; and by January 15, 2027, for Summer 2027.

2. This waiver applies only to approved slots or operating times during the period of the grant. A carrier temporarily returning a slot to FAA for relief under this waiver must identify approved slots or operating timings for Winter 2026/2027 and for Summer 2027. FAA may validate information against published schedule data prior to the issuance of this notice, and other operational data maintained by FAA. Slots returned without an associated scheduled and canceled operation will not receive relief.

3. Slots newly allocated for initial use since the previous corresponding scheduling season are not eligible for relief.

4. Slot exemptions authorized at DCA by the Department of Transportation are not eligible for relief.

5. Carriers must not engage in unfair, deceptive, or anticompetitive practices regarding their slot usage, leasing agreements, or operations associated with the relief provided by this notice.

Issued in Washington, DC, on June 18, 2026.

William McKenna,
Chief Counsel.

Gian Burdhimo,
Acting Deputy Vice President, System Operations Services.
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