



Billing Code 4333–15

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 10

[Docket No. FWS–HQ–MB–2018–0047; FXMB 1232090000//201//FF09M29000]

RIN 1018–BC67

General Provisions; Revised List of Migratory Birds

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), revise the List of Migratory Birds protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) by both adding and removing species. Reasons for the changes to the list include adding species based on new taxonomy and new evidence of natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories, removing species no longer known to occur within the United States or U.S. territories, and changing names to conform to accepted use. The net increase of 67 species (75 added and 8 removed) will bring the total number of species protected by the MBTA to 1,093. We regulate the taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, exportation, and importation of migratory birds. An accurate and up-to-date list of species protected by the MBTA is essential for public notification and regulatory purposes.

DATES: This rule is effective [INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

What Statutory Authority Does the Service Have for This Rulemaking?

We have statutory authority and responsibility for enforcing the MBTA (16 U.S.C. 703–712), the Fish and Wildlife Improvement Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 7421), and the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a–j). The MBTA implements Conventions between the United States and four neighboring countries for the protection of migratory birds, as follows:

(1) *Canada*: Convention between the United States and Great Britain [on behalf of Canada] for the Protection of Migratory Birds, August 16, 1916, 39 Stat. 1702 (T.S. No. 628), as amended by Protocol between the Government of the United States and the Government of Canada Amending the 1916 Convention between the United Kingdom and the United States of America for the Protection of Migratory Birds, Sen. Treaty Doc. 104–28 (December 14, 1995);

(2) *Mexico*: Convention between the United States and Mexico for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Game Mammals, February 7, 1936, 50 Stat. 1311 (T.S. No. 912), as amended by Protocol with Mexico amending Convention for Protection of Migratory Birds and Game Mammals, Sen. Treaty Doc. 105–26 (May 5, 1997);

(3) *Japan*: Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Japan for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction, and Their Environment, March 4, 1972, 25 U.S.T. 3329 (T.I.A.S. No. 7990); and

(4) *Russia*: Convention between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics Concerning the Conservation of Migratory Birds and Their Environment (Russia), November 19, 1976, 29 U.S.T. 4647 (T.I.A.S. No. 9073).

What Is The Purpose of This Rulemaking?

Our purpose is to inform the public of the species protected by the MBTA and its implementing regulations. These regulations are found in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), parts 10, 20, and 21. We regulate the taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, exportation, and importation of migratory birds. An accurate and up-to-date list of species protected by the MBTA is essential for notifying the public of regulatory protections.

Why Is the Amendment of the List of Migratory Birds Necessary?

The amendments we are adopting in this final rule are needed to:

- (1) Add 16 species that qualify for protection under the MBTA;
- (2) Correct the spelling of 3 species names on the alphabetized list;
- (3) Correct the spelling of 3 species names on the taxonomic list;
- (4) Add 30 species based on new distributional records documenting their natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories since 2010;
- (5) Add one species moved from a family that was not protected to a family protected under the MBTA as a result of taxonomic changes;
- (6) Add 28 species newly recognized as a result of recent taxonomic changes;
- (7) Remove 8 species not known to occur within the boundaries of the United States or U.S. territories as a result of recent taxonomic changes;
- (8) Change the common (English) names of 43 species to conform to accepted use; and
- (9) Change the scientific names of 135 species to conform to accepted use.

The List of Migratory Birds (50 CFR 10.13) was last revised on November 1, 2013 (78 FR 65844). The amendments in this rule were necessitated by nine published supplements to the 7th (1998) edition of the American Ornithologists' Union (AOU, now recognized as the American Ornithological Society (AOS)) Check-list of North American Birds (AOU 2011, AOU 2012, AOU 2013, AOU 2014, AOU 2015, AOU 2016, AOS 2017, AOS 2018, and AOS 2019) and the 2017 publication of the Clements Checklist of Birds of the World (Clements et al. 2017).

What Scientific Authorities Are Used to Amend the List of Migratory Birds?

Although bird names (common and scientific) are relatively stable, staying current with standardized use is necessary to avoid confusion in communications. In making our determinations, we primarily relied on the AOS's Checklist of North American birds (AOU 1998), as amended annually (AOU 1999 through 2016, AOS 2017 through 2019), on matters of taxonomy, nomenclature, and the sequence of species and other higher taxonomic categories (Orders, Families, Subfamilies) for species that occur in North America. The AOU (now AOS) Checklist of North American Birds (Checklist), developed by the AOU Committee on Classification and Nomenclature, has been the recognized taxonomic authority for North American birds since publication of the first edition of the Checklist in 1886. The committee compiles the taxonomic foundation for ornithology in North America; evaluating and codifying the latest scientific developments in the systematics, classification, nomenclature, and distribution of North American birds. Thus, the AOS's Checklist represents the best information available for developing the North American component of this List of Migratory Birds. In keeping with the increasing numbers of study areas on which taxonomy relies, the committee incorporates expertise in phylogenetics, genomics, vocalizations, morphology, behavior, and geographical distribution, as well as general ornithological knowledge. The AOS Checklist

contains all bird species that have occurred in North America from the Arctic through Panama, including the West Indies and the Hawaiian Islands, and includes distributional information for each species, which specifies whether the species is known to occur in the United States. The committee also keeps and updates a list of species known to occur in the United States.

For the species that occur outside the geographic area covered by the AOS Checklist, we relied primarily on the Clements Checklist of Birds of the World (Clements Checklist) (Clements et al. 2007), the Clements Checklist 2017 installment of updates and corrections (Clements et al. 2017), and other peer-reviewed literature where appropriate. The Clements Checklist is a list of all known bird species in the world and is maintained and updated annually by the Cornell Laboratory of Ornithology (CLO). The CLO relies on different regional ornithological authorities to compile the list, using the AOS for the western hemisphere. Taxonomy and nomenclature are the primary focus of the Clements Checklist, but range descriptions are maintained and updated based on the best available information and do not include records of vagrancy.

Although the Service primarily relies on the above sources, when informed taxonomic opinion or documented natural distribution is inconsistent or controversial, the Service evaluates available published and unpublished information and comes to its own conclusions regarding the validity of taxa and records of distribution.

What Criteria Are Used to Identify Individual Species Protected by the MBTA?

A species qualifies for protection under the MBTA by meeting one or more of the following criteria:

(1) It occurs in the United States or U.S. territories as the result of natural biological or ecological processes and is currently, or was previously listed as, a species or part of a family

protected by one of the four international treaties or their amendments. Any species that occurs in the United States or U.S. territories solely as a result of intentional or unintentional human-assisted introduction does not qualify for the MBTA list, regardless of whether the family the species belongs to is listed in any of the treaties, unless:

- It was native to the United States or its territories and extant in 1918;
- It was extirpated after 1918 throughout its range in the United States and its

territories; and

- After such extirpation, it was reintroduced in the United States or its territories as part of a program carried out by a Federal agency.

(2) Revised taxonomy results in it being newly split from a species that was previously on the list, and the new species occurs in the United States or U.S. territories as the result of natural biological or ecological processes. If a newly recognized native species is considered extinct (following the classification of the AOS) or, for species not covered by the AOS, the Clements Checklist or peer-reviewed literature), that species will still be included if either of the following criteria apply:

- The species resembles extant species included in the list that may be affected by trade if the species is not included; or

- Not including the species may create difficulties implementing the MBTA and its underlying Conventions.

(3) New evidence exists for its natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories resulting from natural distributional changes and the species occurs in a protected family. Records must be documented, accepted, and published by the AOS committee. For the U.S. Pacific territories that fall outside the geographic scope of the AOS and for which there is

no identified ornithological authority, new evidence of a species' natural occurrence will be based on the Clements Checklist and then published peer-reviewed literature, in that order.

In accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Reform Act of 2004 (MBTRA) (Pub. L. 108-447, 118 Stat. 2809, 3071–72), we only include migratory bird species that are native to the United States or U.S. territories. A native migratory bird species is one that is present as a result of natural biological or ecological processes. The list at 50 CFR 10.13 does not include nonnative species that occur in the United States or U.S. territories solely as a result of intentional or unintentional human-assisted introduction(s). Elsewhere in today's *Federal Register*, we publish a list of nonnative bird species that are not protected under the MBTA.

How Do the Changes Affect the List of Migratory Birds?

Several taxonomic changes were made at the Order and Family level by the AOS since our 2013 publication of the list (78 FR 65844; November 1, 2013). These changes affect the inclusion and taxonomic order of species on this list. Specifically, the Order Cathartiformes (New World vultures) was split from the Accipitriformes (diurnal birds of prey). Cathartiformes now includes the Family Cathartidae (vultures and California Condor, *Gymnogyps californianus*). At the Family level, the Oceanitidae (southern storm-petrels) was split from the Hydrobatidae (northern storm-petrels), the Tityridae (becards and tityras) was split from the Tyrannidae (tyrant flycatchers), the Passerellidae (towhees, sparrows, and juncos) was split from the Emberizidae (buntings), and the Megaluridae (*Locustella* warblers) was renamed to Locustellidae. The Ptilogonatidae (silky-flycatchers) was renamed to the Ptiliogonatidae. The Nesospingidae (Puerto Rican Tanager) and the Spindalidae (*Spindalis* genus) were split from the Thraupidae (tanagers). The yellow-breasted chat was split from the Parulidae (wood-warblers) and placed into Icteriidae (chats). Within the Scolopacidae (sandpipers, phalaropes, and allies),

new Subfamilies were created: the curlews were moved to Numeniinae; the godwits to Limosinae; and small sandpipers to Arenariinae and larger sandpipers to Tringinae, including phalaropes whose previous Subfamily Phalaropodinae was removed. Within the Accipitridae (hawks, eagles, and kites), new Subfamilies were created: the White-tailed Kite was moved to Elaninae, Hook-billed and Swallow-tailed Kite were moved to Gypaetinae, and all other members of the family were moved to Accipitrinae. Within the Icteridae (blackbirds), new Subfamilies were created: Yellow-headed blackbird was moved to Xanthocephalinae; bobolink was moved to Dolichonychinae; meadowlarks were moved to Sturnellinae; orioles were moved to Icterinae; and blackbirds, cowbirds, and grackles were moved to Agelaiinae. In the Falconidae (caracaras and falcons), collared forest-falcon was moved into the new Subfamily Herpetotherinae, and the Subfamily Caracarinae was removed, with crested caracara moved to the Subfamily Falconinae. In the Fringillidae (finches and allies), the Hawaiian fringillids were moved from the Subfamily Drepanidinae to Carduelinae. The Old World flycatchers in the Turdidae (thrushes) were moved to the Muscicapidae (Old World flycatchers). Bananaquit was moved from the Coerebidae (a family not protected by MBTA) to the Thraupidae (tanagers and allies), which is a family protected by the MBTA. All other tanagers were also moved from the Emberizidae (sparrows) to the Thraupidae. Within Thraupidae, the seedeaters were moved into the Subfamily Sporophilinae, and bananaquit, grassquits, and bullfinches were moved into the Subfamily Coerebinae.

All species previously receiving protection under the MBTA that have been moved to newly created Families continue to be protected under the MBTA.

The amendments affect a total of 252 species; 75 additions, 8 removals, and 178 name changes covering 169 species (9 species had both scientific and common name changes). The

result is a net addition of 67 species to the List of Migratory Birds, increasing the number of species on the list from 1,026 to 1,093. Of the 75 species that we add to the list, 28 were previously covered under the MBTA as members of the same species (conspecific) of listed species. These amendments can be logically arranged in the following nine categories:

(1) Add 16 species that qualify for protection by the MBTA but have not been added previously. The addition of these species is the result of either accepting AOS taxonomic updates that were previously excluded or determinations of documented natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories. The species and relevant publication(s) are:

Pink-footed Goose, *Anser brachyrhynchus* (AOS 2019);

Cackling Goose, *Branta hutchinsii* (AOU 2004);

Long-tailed Koel, *Urodynamis taitensis* (Wiles 2005);

White-tailed Nightjar, *Hydropsalis cayennensis* (AOU 1983);

Vervain Hummingbird, *Mellisuga minima* (AOU 1983);

Kentish Plover, *Charadrius alexandrinus* (Enbring and Owen 1981);

Common Redshank, *Tringa totanus* (Wiles 2005);

Nazca Booby, *Sula granti* (AOS 2019);

Abbott's Booby, *Papasula abbotti* (Pratt et al. 2009);

Rufous Night-Heron, *Nycticorax caledonicus* (Glass et al. 1990);

Gray-faced Buzzard, *Butastur indicus* (Stinson et al. 1997);

Eastern Marsh-Harrier, *Circus spilonotus* (Wiles et al. 2000);

Amur Falcon, *Falco amurensis* (Stinson et al. 1991);

Eurasian Jackdaw, *Corvus monedula* (AOU 1998);

Redwing, *Turdus iliacus* (AOU 1998);

Common Kingfisher, *Alcedo atthis* (Wiles et al. 1993).

(2) Correct the spelling of three common or scientific names on the alphabetized list:

Eared Quetzal, *Euptilotis neoxenus*, becomes Eared Quetzal

Red-footed falcon, *Flaco vespertinus*, becomes *Falco vespertinus*

Piratic Flycatcher, *Legatus leucophalus* becomes *Legatus leucophaius*

(3) Correct the spelling of three common or scientific names on the taxonomic list:

Eared Quetzal, *Euptilotis neoxenus*, becomes Eared Quetzal

White-crested Elaenia, *Elaenia albiceps* becomes White-crested Elaenia

Piratic Flycatcher, *Legatus leucophalus* becomes *Legatus leucophaius*

(4) Add 30 species based on review and acceptance by the AOS (since 2010) or by other appropriate ornithological authorities of new distributional records documenting their occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories. These species belong to families covered by at least one of the four international conventions, and all are considered to be of accidental or casual occurrence. For each species, we list the State in which it has been recorded plus the relevant publication:

Common Scoter, *Melanitta nigra*—California and Oregon (AOS 2017);

Amethyst-throated Mountain-gem, *Lampornis amethystinus*—Texas (AOS 2018, AOS 2019);

Rufous-necked Wood-Rail, *Aramides axillaris*—New Mexico (AOU 2016);

Solitary Snipe, *Gallinago solitaria*—Alaska (AOU 2011);

Chatham Albatross, *Thalassarche eremita*—California (AOS 2017);

European Storm-Petrel, *Hydrobates pelagicus*—North Carolina and Florida (AOS 2019);

Providence Petrel, *Pterodroma solandri*—Alaska (AOU 2013);

Fea's Petrel, *Pterodroma feae*—North Carolina, Georgia, Virginia (AOU 2013);

Zino's Petrel, *Pterodroma madeira*—North Carolina, (AOU 2015);

White-chinned Petrel, *Procellaria aequinoctialis*—Texas, California, Maine (AOU 2011);

Bryan's Shearwater, *Puffinus bryani*—Hawaii (AOU 2012);

Bare-throated Tiger-Heron, *Tigrisoma mexicanum*—Texas (AOU 2011);

Double-toothed Kite, *Harpagus bidentatus*—Texas (AOU 2013);

Great Black Hawk, *Buteogallus urubitinga*—Texas and Maine (AOS 2019);

Amazon Kingfisher, *Chloroceryle amazona*—Texas (AOU 2011);

Gray-collared Becard, *Pachyramphus major*—Arizona (AOU 2011);

Pine Flycatcher, *Empidonax affinis*—Arizona (AOS 2018);

Cuban Vireo, *Vireo gundlachii*—Florida (AOS 2018);

Common Chiffchaff, *Phylloscopus collybita*—Alaska (AOU 2014);

Thick-billed Warbler, *Arundinax aedon*—Alaska (AOS 2019);

Blyth's Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus dumetorum*—Alaska (AOU 2017);

River Warbler, *Locustella fluviatilis*—Alaska (AOS 2019);

European Robin, *Erithacus rubecula*—Pennsylvania (AOS 2019);

Common Redstart, *Phoenicurus phoenicurus*—Alaska (AOU 2015);

Pied Wheatear, *Oenanthe pleschanka*—Alaska (AOS 2019);

Brown-backed Solitaire, *Myadestes occidentalis*—Arizona (AOU 2011);

Pallas's Rosefinch, *Carpodacus roseus*—Alaska (AOS 2019);

Asian Rosy-Finch, *Leucosticte arctoa*—Alaska (AOU 2013);

Black-backed Oriole, *Icterus abeillei*—Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Connecticut (AOS 2019);

Red-legged Honeycreeper, *Cyanerpes cyaneus*—Texas (AOS 2017).

(5) Add one species because of recent taxonomic changes transferring a species in a Family formerly not protected by the MBTA (Coerebidae) into a Family protected under the MBTA (Thraupidae). We reference the AOS publication supporting the change:

Bananaquit, *Coereba flaveola* (AOU 2015).

(6) Add 28 species because of recent taxonomic changes in which taxa formerly treated as conspecific have been determined to be distinct species. Given that each of these species was formerly treated as conspecific with a listed species, these additions do not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, we reference the AOS or relevant publication supporting the change:

Stejneger's Scoter, *Melanitta stejnegeri*—formerly considered conspecific with Velvet Scoter,

Melanitta fusca (AOS 2019);

Ridgway's Rail, *Rallus obsoletus*—formerly considered conspecific with Clapper Rail, *Rallus*

longirostris (AOU 2014);

Common Gallinule, *Gallinula galeata*—formerly considered conspecific with Common

Moorhen, *Gallinula chloropus* (AOU 2011);

Scripps's Murrelet, *Synthliboramphus scrippsi*—formerly considered conspecific with

Xantus's Murrelet, *Synthliboramphus hypoleucus* (AOU 2012);

Salvin's Albatross, *Thalassarche salvini*—formerly considered conspecific with Shy

Albatross, *Thalassarche cauta* (AOU 2014);

Gray-faced Petrel, *Pterodroma gouldi*—formerly considered conspecific with Great-winged

Petrel, *Pterodroma macroptera* (AOS 2019);

Trindade Petrel, *Pterodroma arminjoniana*—formerly considered conspecific with Herald

Petrel, *Pterodroma heraldica* (AOU 2015);

Newell's Shearwater, *Puffinus newelli*—formerly considered conspecific with Townsend's Shearwater, *Puffinus auricularis* (AOU 2015);

Barolo Shearwater, *Puffinus baroli*—formerly considered conspecific with Little Shearwater, *Puffinus assimilis* (AOU 2013);

Townsend's Storm-Petrel, *Hydrobates socorroensis*—formerly considered conspecific with Leach's Storm-Petrel, *Oceanodroma leucorhous* (AOU 2016, AOS 2019);

Northern Boobook, *Ninox japonica*—formerly considered conspecific with Brown Hawk-Owl, *Ninox scutulata* (AOU 2014);

Pacific Kingfisher, *Todiramphus sacer*—formerly considered conspecific with Collared Kingfisher, *Todiramphus chloris* (Clements et al. 2015);

Mariana Kingfisher, *Todiramphus albicilla*—formerly considered conspecific with Collared Kingfisher, *Todiramphus chloris* (Clements et al. 2015);

Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay, *Aphelocoma woodhouseii*—formerly considered conspecific with Western Scrub-Jay, *Aphelocoma californica* (AOU 2016);

Kamchatka Leaf Warbler, *Phylloscopus examinandus*—formerly considered conspecific with Arctic Warbler, *Phylloscopus borealis* (AOU 2014);

Saipan Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus hiwae*—formerly considered conspecific with Nightingale Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus luscinius* (Clements et al. 2013);

Aguiguan Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus nijoi*—formerly considered conspecific with Nightingale Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus luscinius* (Clements et al. 2013);

Pagan Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus yamashinae*—formerly considered conspecific with Nightingale Reed Warbler, *Acrocephalus luscinius* (Clements et al. 2013);

Laysan Honeycreeper, *Himatione fraithii*—formerly considered conspecific with Apapane,

Himatione sanguinea (AOU 2015)

Kauai Nukupu‘u, *Hemignathus hanapepe*—formerly considered conspecific with Nukupuu,

Hemignathus lucidus (AOU 2015);

Maui Nukupu‘u, *Hemignathus affinis*—formerly considered conspecific with Nukupuu,

Hemignathus lucidus (AOU 2015);

Kauai ‘Akialoa, *Akialoa stejnegeri*—formerly considered conspecific with Greater Akialoa,

Hemignathus ellisianus (AOU 2015);

Maui Nui ‘Akialoa, *Akialoa lanaiensis*—formerly considered conspecific with Greater

Akialoa, *Hemignathus ellisianus* (AOU 2015);

O‘ahu ‘Akepa, *Loxops wolstenholmei*—formerly considered conspecific with Akepa, *Loxops*

coccineus (AOU 2015);

Maui ‘Akepa, *Loxops ochraceus*—formerly considered conspecific with Akepa, *Loxops*

coccineus (AOU 2015);

Cassia Crossbill, *Loxia sinesciuris*—formerly considered conspecific with Red Crossbill,

Loxia curvirostra (AOS 2017);

Sagebrush Sparrow, *Artemisiospiza nevadensis*—formerly considered conspecific with Sage

Sparrow, *Amphispiza belli* (AOU 2013);

Morelet’s Seedeater, *Sporophila moreletti*—formerly considered conspecific with White-

collared Seedeater, *Sporophila torqueola* (AOS 2018).

(7) Remove eight species based on revised taxonomic treatments, either because a species is taxonomically merged with another species, either on or off the list; a species previously on the list is taxonomically split into multiple species and the new species is not known to occur within the United States or U.S. territories; or the species is considered extinct (following the

classification of the AOS or, for species not covered by the AOS, the Clements Checklist or peer-reviewed literature) unless any of the following criteria apply: It is protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), or the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES; 27 U.S.T. 1087); it resembles extant species included in the list that may be affected by its removal; or its removal would create difficulties implementing the MBTA and its underlying Conventions. In each case, we reference the publication supporting these changes:

Thayer's Gull, *Larus thayeri*, now a subspecies of Iceland Gull, *Larus glaucooides* (AOS 2017);

Great-winged Petrel, *Pterodroma macroptera* (AOS 2019);

Townsend's Shearwater, *Puffinus auricularis* (AOU 2015);

Little Shearwater, *Puffinus assimilis* (AOU 2015);

Brown Hawk-Owl, *Ninox scutulata* (AOU 2014);

Caribbean Coot, *Fulica caribaea* (AOU 2016);

Collared Kingfisher, *Todiramphus chloris* (Clements et al. 2015);

White-collared Seedeater, *Sporophila torqueola* (AOS 2018).

(8) Revise the common (English) names of 43 species to conform to the most recent nomenclatural treatment as described in AOU publications 2011 through 2017, AOS 2018 and 2019 and Clements et al. (2017). Hawaiian species names are modified to official Hawaiian spelling, following the Pukui-Elbert Hawaiian Dictionary, adding the diacritical marks to the common names where applicable. The Government Publishing Office Style Manual requires the words Hawaii and Kauai to be spelled without the diacritical mark. These revisions do not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, the update is described in the table, below.

(9) Revise the scientific names of 135 species to conform to the most recent nomenclatural treatment as described in AOU publications 2011 through 2017, AOS 2018 and 2019 and Clements et al. (2017). These revisions do not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, the update is described in the table, below.

Table of name changes, as described in categories 8 and 9, above, follows. Table is organized following AOS (2019) taxonomic order. The relevant AOS publication is provided. Hawaiian common name changes are indicated with a (—).

Publication Source and Year	Previous Common Name	Current Common Name
AOU 2004	Canada Goose (including <i>Branta hutchinsii</i>), <i>Branta canadensis</i>	Canada Goose, <i>Branta canadensis</i>
AOS 2019	Common Ground-Dove, <i>Columbina passerina</i>	Common Ground Dove, <i>Columbina passerina</i>
AOS 2019	Ruddy Ground-Dove, <i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	Ruddy Ground Dove, <i>Columbina talpacoti</i>
AOU 2016	Green Violetear, <i>Colibri thalassinus</i>	Mexican Violetear, <i>Colibri thalassinus</i>
AOS 2017	Magnificent hummingbird, <i>Eugenes fulgens</i>	Rivoli's Hummingbird, <i>Eugenes fulgens</i>
AOS 2019	Blue-throated Hummingbird, <i>Lampornis clemenciae</i>	Blue-throated Mountain-gem, <i>Lampornis clemenciae</i>
AOU 2012	Xantus's Murrelet, <i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucus</i>	Guadalupe Murrelet, <i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucus</i>
AOU 2014	Shy Albatross, <i>Thalassarche cauta</i>	White-capped Albatross, <i>Thalassarche cauta</i>
AOU 2015	Herald Petrel, <i>Pterodroma arminjoniana</i>	Trindade Petrel, <i>Pterodroma arminjoniana</i>
Clements et al. 2000	Pacific Reef-Egret, <i>Egretta sacra</i>	Pacific Reef-Heron, <i>Egretta sacra</i>
AOU 2012	Gray Frog-Hawk, <i>Accipiter soloensis</i>	Chinese Sparrowhawk, <i>Accipiter soloensis</i>
AOU 2014	Common Black-Hawk, <i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>	Common Black Hawk, <i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>
AOS 2018	Gray Jay, <i>Perisoreus canadensis</i>	Canada Jay, <i>Perisoreus canadensis</i>
AOU 2016	Western Scrub-Jay, <i>Aphelocoma californica</i>	California Scrub-Jay, <i>Aphelocoma californica</i>
AOU 2016	Eurasian Sky Lark, <i>Alauda arvensis</i>	Eurasian Skylark, <i>Alauda arvensis</i>
AOU 2014	Pallas's Leaf-Warbler, <i>Phylloscopus proregulus</i>	Pallas's Leaf Warbler, <i>Phylloscopus proregulus</i>
—	Kamao, <i>Myadestes myadestinus</i>	Kāma'o, <i>Myadestes myadestinus</i>

—	Olomao, <i>Myadestes lanaiensis</i>	Oloma‘o, <i>Myadestes lanaiensis</i>
—	Omao, <i>Myadestes obscurus</i>	‘Ōma‘o, <i>Myadestes obscurus</i>
AOS 2017	Le Conte’s Thrasher, <i>Toxostoma lecontei</i>	LeConte’s Thrasher, <i>Toxostoma lecontei</i>
AOU 2015	Nukupuu, <i>Hemignathus lucidus</i>	O‘ahu Nukupū‘u, <i>Hemignathus lucidus</i>
—	Poo-uli, <i>Melamprosops phaeosoma</i>	Po‘ouli, <i>Melamprosops phaeosoma</i>
—	Akikiki, <i>Oreomystis bairdi</i>	‘Akikiki, <i>Oreomystis bairdi</i>
—	Oahu Alauahio, <i>Paroreomyza maculata</i>	O‘ahu ‘Alauahio, <i>Paroreomyza maculata</i>
—	Kakawahie, <i>Paroreomyza flammea</i>	Kākāwahie, <i>Paroreomyza flammea</i>
—	Maui Alauahio, <i>Paroreomyza montana</i>	Maui ‘Alauahio, <i>Paroreomyza montana</i>
—	Akohekohe, <i>Palmeria dolei</i>	‘Akohekohe, <i>Palmeria dolei</i>
—	Apapane, <i>Himatione sanguinea</i>	‘Apapane, <i>Himatione sanguinea</i>
—	Iiwi, <i>Drepanis coccinea</i>	‘I‘iwi, <i>Drepanis coccinea</i>
—	Ou, <i>Psittirostra psittacea</i>	‘Ō‘ū, <i>Psittirostra psittacea</i>
—	Anianiau, <i>Magumma parva</i>	‘Anianiau, <i>Magumma parva</i>
—	Akekee, <i>Loxops caeruleirostris</i>	‘Akeke‘e, <i>Loxops caeruleirostris</i>
AOU 2015	Akepa, <i>Loxops coccineus</i>	Hawaii ‘Akepa, <i>Loxops coccineus</i>
AOS 2017	Le Conte’s Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus leconteii</i>	LeConte’s Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus leconteii</i>
Publication	Previous Scientific Name	Current Scientific Name
Source and		
Year		
AOS 2017	Emperor Goose, <i>Chen canagica</i>	Emperor Goose, <i>Anser canagicus</i>
AOS 2017	Snow Goose, <i>Chen caerulescens</i>	Snow Goose, <i>Anser caerulescens</i>
AOS 2017	Ross’s Goose, <i>Chen rossii</i>	Ross’s Goose, <i>Anser rossii</i>
AOS 2017	Baikal Teal, <i>Anas formosa</i>	Baikal Teal, <i>Sibirionetta formosa</i>
AOS 2017	Garganey, <i>Anas querquedula</i>	Garganey, <i>Spatula querquedula</i>
AOS 2017	Blue-winged Teal, <i>Anas discors</i>	Blue-winged Teal, <i>Spatula discors</i>
AOS 2017	Cinnamon Teal, <i>Anas cyanoptera</i>	Cinnamon Teal, <i>Spatula cyanoptera</i>
AOS 2017	Northern Shoveler, <i>Anas clypeata</i>	Northern Shoveler, <i>Spatula clypeata</i>
AOS 2017	Gadwall, <i>Anas strepera</i>	Gadwall, <i>Mareca strepera</i>
AOS 2017	Falcated Duck, <i>Anas falcata</i>	Falcated Duck, <i>Mareca falcata</i>
AOS 2017	Eurasian Wigeon, <i>Anas penelope</i>	Eurasian Wigeon, <i>Mareca penelope</i>
AOS 2017	American Wigeon, <i>Anas americana</i>	American Wigeon, <i>Mareca americana</i>
AOS 2019	White-winged Scoter, <i>Melanitta fusca</i>	White-winged Scoter, <i>Melanitta deglandi</i>
Clements et al.	White-throated Ground-Dove, <i>Gallicolumba xanthonura</i>	White-throated Ground-Dove, <i>Alopecoenas xanthonurus</i>

2017

Clements et al. 2010	Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo, <i>Cuculus fugax</i>	Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo, <i>Hierococcyx nicolor</i>
AOU 2012	Chuck-will's-widow, <i>Caprimulgus carolinensis</i>	Chuck-will's-widow, <i>Antrostomus carolinensis</i>
AOU 2012	Buff-collared Nightjar, <i>Caprimulgus ridgwayi</i>	Buff-collared Nightjar, <i>Antrostomus ridgwayi</i>
AOU 2012	Eastern Whip-poor-will, <i>Caprimulgus vociferus</i>	Eastern Whip-poor-will, <i>Antrostomus vociferus</i>
AOU 2012	Mexican Whip-poor-will, <i>Caprimulgus arizonae</i>	Mexican Whip-poor-will, <i>Antrostomus arizonae</i>
AOU 2012	Puerto Rican Nightjar, <i>Caprimulgus noctitherus</i>	Puerto Rican Nightjar, <i>Antrostomus noctitherus</i>
AOS 2018	Gray Nightjar, <i>Caprimulgus indicus</i>	Gray Nightjar, <i>Caprimulgus jotaka</i>
AOS 2019	Bahama Woodstar, <i>Calliphlox evelynae</i>	Bahama Woodstar, <i>Nesophlox evelynae</i>
AOU 2012	Calliope Hummingbird, <i>Stellula calliope</i>	Calliope Hummingbird, <i>Selasphorus calliope</i>
AOU 2014	Clapper Rail, <i>Rallus longirostris</i>	Clapper Rail, <i>Rallus crepitans</i>
AOU 2016	Yellow-breasted Crake, <i>Porzana flaviventer</i>	Yellow-breasted Crake, <i>Hapalocrex flaviventer</i>
AOU 2012	Purple Gallinule, <i>Porphyrio martinica</i>	Purple Gallinule, <i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>
AOU 2016	Sandhill Crane, <i>Grus canadensis</i>	Sandhill Crane, <i>Antigone canadensis</i>
AOU 2011	Snowy Plover, <i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	Snowy Plover, <i>Charadrius nivosus</i>
AOU 2013	Surfbird, <i>Aphriza virgata</i>	Surfbird, <i>Calidris virgata</i>
AOU 2013	Ruff, <i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	Ruff, <i>Calidris pugnax</i>
AOU 2013	Broad-billed Sandpiper, <i>Limicola falcinellus</i>	Broad-billed Sandpiper, <i>Calidris falcinellus</i>
AOU 2013	Spoon-billed Sandpiper, <i>Eurynorhynchus pygmeus</i>	Spoon-billed Sandpiper, <i>Calidris pygmea</i>
AOU 2013	Buff-breasted Sandpiper, <i>Tryngites subruficollis</i>	Buff-breasted Sandpiper, <i>Calidris subruficollis</i>
AOS 2017	Blue-gray Noddy, <i>Procelsterna cerulea</i>	Blue-gray Noddy, <i>Anous ceruleus</i>
AOU 2003	Whiskered Tern, <i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>	Whiskered Tern, <i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>
AOS 2019	Fork-tailed Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma furcata</i>	Fork-tailed Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates furcatus</i>
AOS 2019	Ringed Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma hornbyi</i>	Ringed Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates hornbyi</i>
AOS 2019	Swinhoe's Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma monorhis</i>	Swinhoe's Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates monorhis</i>
AOS 2019	Leach's Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa</i>	Leach's Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates leucorhous</i>
AOS 2019	Townsend's Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma socorroensis</i>	Townsend's Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates socorroensis</i>
AOS 2019	Ashy Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma homochroa</i>	Ashy Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates homochroa</i>
AOS 2019	Band-rumped Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma castro</i>	Band-rumped Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates castro</i>
AOS 2019	Wedge-rumped Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma tethys</i>	Wedge-rumped Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates tethys</i>
AOS 2019	Black Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma melania</i>	Black Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates melania</i>
AOS 2019	Tristram's Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma tristrami</i>	Tristram's Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates tristrami</i>
AOS 2019	Least Storm-Petrel, <i>Oceanodroma microsoma</i>	Least Storm-Petrel, <i>Hydrobates microsoma</i>
AOS 2018	Tahiti Petrel, <i>Pterodroma rostrata</i>	Tahiti Petrel, <i>Pseudobulweria rostrata</i>

AOU 2016	Wedge-tailed Shearwater, <i>Puffinus pacificus</i>	Wedge-tailed Shearwater, <i>Ardenna pacifica</i>
AOU 2016	Buller's Shearwater, <i>Puffinus bulleri</i>	Buller's Shearwater, <i>Ardenna bulleri</i>
AOU 2016	Short-tailed Shearwater, <i>Puffinus tenuirostris</i>	Short-tailed Shearwater, <i>Ardenna tenuirostris</i>
AOU 2016	Sooty Shearwater, <i>Puffinus griseus</i>	Sooty Shearwater, <i>Ardenna grisea</i>
AOU 2016	Great Shearwater, <i>Puffinus gravis</i>	Great Shearwater, <i>Ardenna gravis</i>
AOU 2016	Pink-footed Shearwater, <i>Puffinus creatopus</i>	Pink-footed Shearwater, <i>Ardenna creatopus</i>
AOU 2016	Flesh-footed Shearwater, <i>Puffinus carneipes</i>	Flesh-footed Shearwater, <i>Ardenna carneipes</i>
AOS 2017	Intermediate Egret, <i>Mesophoyx intermedia</i>	Intermediate Egret, <i>Ardea intermedia</i>
AOS 2017	Northern Harrier, <i>Circus cyaneus</i>	Northern Harrier, <i>Circus hudsonius</i>
AOU 2015	Roadside Hawk, <i>Buteo magnirostris</i>	Roadside Hawk, <i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>
AOU 2015	White-tailed Hawk, <i>Buteo albicaudatus</i>	White-tailed Hawk, <i>Geranoaetus albicaudatus</i>
AOS 2018	Downy Woodpecker, <i>Picoides pubescens</i>	Downy Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates pubescens</i>
AOS 2018	Nuttall's Woodpecker, <i>Picoides nuttallii</i>	Nuttall's Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates nuttallii</i>
AOS 2018	Ladder-backed Woodpecker, <i>Picoides scalaris</i>	Ladder-backed Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates scalaris</i>
AOS 2018	Red-cockaded Woodpecker, <i>Picoides borealis</i>	Red-cockaded Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates borealis</i>
AOS 2018	Hairy Woodpecker, <i>Picoides villosus</i>	Hairy Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates villosus</i>
AOS 2018	White-headed Woodpecker, <i>Picoides albolarvatus</i>	White-headed Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates albolarvatus</i>
AOS 2018	Arizona Woodpecker, <i>Picoides arizonae</i>	Arizona Woodpecker, <i>Dryobates arizonae</i>
AOU 2013	Flammulated Owl, <i>Otus flammeolus</i>	Flammulated Owl, <i>Psiloscops flammeolus</i>
AOS 2017	Northern Shrike, <i>Lanius excubitor</i>	Northern Shrike, <i>Lanius borealis</i>
AOU 2011	Mexican Jay, <i>Aphelocoma ultramarina</i>	Mexican Jay, <i>Aphelocoma wollweberi</i>
AOU 2012	Sinaloa Wren, <i>Thryothorus sinaloa</i>	Sinaloa Wren, <i>Thryophilus sinaloa</i>
AOS 2018	Siberian Blue Robin, <i>Luscinia cyane</i>	Siberian Blue Robin, <i>Larvivora cyane</i>
AOS 2018	Rufous-tailed Robin, <i>Luscinia sibilans</i>	Rufous-tailed Robin, <i>Larvivora sibilans</i>
AOS 2018	Bluethroat, <i>Luscinia svecica</i>	Bluethroat, <i>Cyanecula svecica</i>
AOS 2018	Siberian Rubythroat, <i>Luscinia calliope</i>	Siberian Rubythroat, <i>Calliope calliope</i>
Clements et al. 2015	Chestnut-cheeked Starling, <i>Sturnus phillippensis</i>	Chestnut-cheeked Starling, <i>Agropsar philippensis</i>
Clements et al. 2015	White-cheeked Starling, <i>Sturnus cineraceus</i>	White-cheeked Starling, <i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>
AOU 2013	Gray Silky-flycatcher, <i>Ptiliononyx cinereus</i>	Gray Silky-flycatcher, <i>Ptiliononyx cinereus</i>
AOU 2012	House Finch, <i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i>	House Finch, <i>Haemorhous mexicanus</i>
AOU 2012	Purple Finch, <i>Carpodacus purpureus</i>	Purple Finch, <i>Haemorhous purpureus</i>
AOU 2012	Cassin's Finch, <i>Carpodacus cassinii</i>	Cassin's Finch, <i>Haemorhous cassinii</i>
AOU 2015	American Tree Sparrow, <i>Spizella arborea</i>	American Tree Sparrow, <i>Spizelloides arborea</i>

AOS 2018	LeConte's Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus leconteii</i>	LeConte's Sparrow, <i>Ammospiza leconteii</i>
AOS 2018	Seaside Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus maritima</i>	Seaside Sparrow, <i>Ammospiza maritima</i>
AOS 2018	Nelson's Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus nelsoni</i>	Nelson's Sparrow, <i>Ammospiza nelsoni</i>
AOS 2018	Saltmarsh Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus caudacuta</i>	Saltmarsh Sparrow, <i>Ammospiza caudacuta</i>
AOS 2018	Baird's Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus bairdii</i>	Baird's Sparrow, <i>Centronyx bairdii</i>
AOS 2018	Henslow's Sparrow, <i>Ammodramus henslowii</i>	Henslow's Sparrow, <i>Centronyx henslowii</i>
AOS 2019	Tennessee Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis peregrina</i>	Tennessee Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i>
AOS 2019	Orange-crowned Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis celata</i>	Orange-crowned Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis celata</i>
AOS 2019	Colima Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis crissalis</i>	Colima Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis crissalis</i>
AOS 2019	Lucy's Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis luciae</i>	Lucy's Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis luciae</i>
AOS 2019	Nashville Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis ruficapilla</i>	Nashville Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis ruficapilla</i>
AOS 2019	Virginia's Warbler, <i>Oreothlypis virginiae</i>	Virginia's Warbler, <i>Leiothlypis virginiae</i>
AOU 2011	MacGillivray's Warbler, <i>Oporornis tolmiei</i>	MacGillivray's Warbler, <i>Geothlypis tolmiei</i>
AOU 2011	Mourning Warbler, <i>Oporornis philadelphia</i>	Mourning Warbler, <i>Geothlypis philadelphia</i>
AOU 2011	Kentucky Warbler, <i>Oporornis formosus</i>	Kentucky Warbler, <i>Geothlypis formosa</i>
AOU 2011	Elfin-woods Warbler, <i>Dendroica angelae</i>	Elfin-woods Warbler, <i>Setophaga angelae</i>
AOU 2011	Hooded Warbler, <i>Wilsonia citrina</i>	Hooded Warbler, <i>Setophaga citrina</i>
AOU 2011	Kirtland's Warbler, <i>Dendroica kirtlandii</i>	Kirtland's Warbler, <i>Setophaga kirtlandii</i>
AOU 2011	Cape May Warbler, <i>Dendroica tigrina</i>	Cape May Warbler, <i>Setophaga tigrina</i>
AOU 2011	Cerulean Warbler, <i>Dendroica cerulea</i>	Cerulean Warbler, <i>Setophaga cerulea</i>
AOU 2011	Northern Parula, <i>Parula americana</i>	Northern Parula, <i>Setophaga americana</i>
AOU 2011	Tropical Parula, <i>Parula pitiayumi</i>	Tropical Parula, <i>Setophaga pitiayumi</i>
AOU 2011	Magnolia Warbler, <i>Dendroica magnolia</i>	Magnolia Warbler, <i>Setophaga magnolia</i>
AOU 2011	Bay-breasted Warbler, <i>Dendroica castanea</i>	Bay-breasted Warbler, <i>Setophaga castanea</i>
AOU 2011	Blackburnian Warbler, <i>Dendroica fusca</i>	Blackburnian Warbler, <i>Setophaga fusca</i>
AOU 2011	Yellow Warbler, <i>Dendroica petechia</i>	Yellow Warbler, <i>Setophaga petechia</i>
AOU 2011	Chestnut-sided Warbler, <i>Dendroica pensylvanica</i>	Chestnut-sided Warbler, <i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i>
AOU 2011	Blackpoll Warbler, <i>Dendroica striata</i>	Blackpoll Warbler, <i>Setophaga striata</i>
AOU 2011	Black-throated Blue Warbler, <i>Dendroica caerulescens</i>	Black-throated Blue Warbler, <i>Setophaga caerulescens</i>
AOU 2011	Palm Warbler, <i>Dendroica palmarum</i>	Palm Warbler, <i>Setophaga palmarum</i>
AOU 2011	Pine Warbler, <i>Dendroica pinus</i>	Pine Warbler, <i>Setophaga pinus</i>
AOU 2011	Yellow-rumped Warbler, <i>Dendroica coronata</i>	Yellow-rumped Warbler, <i>Setophaga coronata</i>
AOU 2011	Yellow-throated Warbler, <i>Dendroica dominica</i>	Yellow-throated Warbler, <i>Setophaga dominica</i>
AOU 2011	Prairie Warbler, <i>Dendroica discolor</i>	Prairie Warbler, <i>Setophaga discolor</i>
AOU 2011	Adelaide's Warbler, <i>Dendroica adelaidae</i>	Adelaide's Warbler, <i>Setophaga adelaidae</i>

AOU 2011	Grace's Warbler, <i>Dendroica graciae</i>	Grace's Warbler, <i>Setophaga graciae</i>
AOU 2011	Black-throated Gray Warbler, <i>Dendroica nigrescens</i>	Black-throated Gray Warbler, <i>Setophaga nigrescens</i>
AOU 2011	Townsend's Warbler, <i>Dendroica townsendi</i>	Townsend's Warbler, <i>Setophaga townsendi</i>
AOU 2011	Hermit Warbler, <i>Dendroica occidentalis</i>	Hermit Warbler, <i>Setophaga occidentalis</i>
AOU 2011	Golden-cheeked Warbler, <i>Dendroica chrysoparia</i>	Golden-cheeked Warbler, <i>Setophaga chrysoparia</i>
AOU 2011	Black-throated Green Warbler, <i>Dendroica virens</i>	Black-throated Green Warbler, <i>Setophaga virens</i>
AOU 2011	Fan-tailed Warbler, <i>Euthlypis lachrymosa</i>	Fan-tailed Warbler, <i>Basileuterus lachrymosus</i>
AOU 2011	Canada Warbler, <i>Wilsonia canadensis</i>	Canada Warbler, <i>Cardellina canadensis</i>
AOU 2011	Wilson's Warbler, <i>Wilsonia pusilla</i>	Wilson's Warbler, <i>Cardellina pusilla</i>
AOS 2019	Black-faced Grassquit, <i>Tiaris bicolor</i>	Black-faced Grassquit, <i>Melanospiza bicolor</i>
AOS 2018	Puerto Rican Bullfinch, <i>Loxigilla portoricensis</i>	Puerto Rican Bullfinch, <i>Melopyrrha portoricensis</i>

Publication Source and Year	Previous Common and Scientific Name	Current Common and Scientific Name
Clements et al. 2017	Friendly Ground-Dove, <i>Gallicolumba stairi</i>	Shy Ground-Dove, <i>Alopecoenas stairi</i>
Clements et al. 2006	Micronesian Kingfisher, <i>Todiramphus cinnamominus</i>	Guam Kingfisher, <i>Todiramphus cinnamominus</i>
Clements et al. 2006, 2017	Nightingale Reed-Warbler, <i>Acrocephalus luscini</i>	Nightingale Reed Warbler, <i>Acrocephalus luscinius</i>
AOU 2015	Akiapolaau, <i>Hemignathus munroi</i>	'Akiapola'au, <i>Hemignathus wilsoni</i>
AOU 2015	Greater Akialoa, <i>Hemignathus ellisianus</i>	O'ahu 'Akialoa, <i>Akialoa ellisiana</i>
AOU 2015	Hawaii Amakihi, <i>Hemignathus virens</i>	Hawaii 'Amakihi, <i>Chlorodrepanis virens</i>
AOU 2015	Oahu Amakihi, <i>Hemignathus flavus</i>	O'ahu 'Amakihi, <i>Chlorodrepanis flava</i>
AOU 2015	Kauai Amakihi, <i>Hemignathus kauaiensis</i>	Kauai 'Amakihi, <i>Chlorodrepanis stejnegeri</i>
AOU 2012, 2013	Sage Sparrow, <i>Amphispiza belli</i>	Bell's Sparrow, <i>Artemisospiza belli</i>

How Do the Changes Adopted in this Rule Differ from Those Described in the Proposed Rule?

On November 28, 2018, we published in the **Federal Register** (83 FR 61288) a proposed rule to revise the list of migratory birds at 50 CFR 10.13; we accepted public comments on the proposed rule for 60 days, ending January 28, 2019. Subsequently, on November 12, 2019, we published in the Federal Register (84 FR 60998) a revised proposed rule, and we accepted comments on our proposed revisions for 30 days, ending December 12, 2019. Taken together, our publications, the November 28, 2018, proposed rule, as revised by the November 12, 2019, revised proposed rule, include all the changes adopted in this rule with one exception: On the taxonomic list, we are correcting the scientific name of the Puerto Rican bullfinch from *Loxigilla portoricensis* to *Melopyrrha portoricensis*.

How Is The List of Migratory Birds Organized?

The species are listed in two formats to suit the needs of different segments of the public: alphabetically in 50 CFR 10.13(c)(1) and taxonomically in 50 CFR 10.13(c)(2). In the alphabetical listing, species are listed by common (English) group names, with the scientific name of each species following the English group name. This format, similar to that used in modern telephone directories, is most useful to members of the lay public. In the taxonomic listing, species are listed in phylogenetic sequence by scientific name, with the English name following the scientific name. To help clarify species relationships, we also list the higher-level taxonomic categories of Order, Family, and Subfamily. This format follows the sequence adopted by the AOS (1998, 2019) and is most useful to ornithologists and other scientists.

What Species Are Not Protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act?

The MBTA does not apply to:

(1) Nonnative species introduced into the United States or U.S. territories by means of intentional or unintentional human assistance that belong to families or groups covered by the

Canadian, Mexican, or Russian Conventions. Elsewhere in today's *Federal Register*, we publish the revised list of nonnative bird species that are not protected under the MBTA. Note, though, that native species introduced into parts of the United States where they are not native are still protected under the MBTA regardless of where they occur in the United States or U.S. territories (e.g., cattle egrets in Hawaii).

(2) Species native or nonnative to the United States or U.S. territories that either belong to families or groups not referred to in the Canada, Mexico, and Russia Conventions or are not included by species name in the Japan Convention. This includes the Tinamidae (tinamous), Megapodiidae (megapodes), Cracidae (chachalacas), Odontophoridae (New World quail), Phasianidae (grouse, ptarmigan, and turkeys), Pteroclididae (sandgrouse), Heliornithidae (finfoots), Burhinidae (thick-knees), Glareolidae (pratincoles), Todidae (todies), Psittacidae (parrots), Psittaculidae (Old World parrots), Meliphagidae (honeyeaters), Dicruridae (drongos), Monarchidae (monarchs), Pycnonotidae (bulbuls), Scotocercidae (bush warblers and allies), Zosteropidae (white-eyes), Sturnidae (starlings, except as listed in Japanese treaty), Ploceidae (weavers), Estrildidae (estrildid finches), and Passeridae (Old World sparrows, including house or English sparrow), as well as numerous other families not represented in the United States or U.S. territories.

Summary of Comments and Responses

On November 28, 2018, we published in the **Federal Register** (83 FR 61288) a proposed rule to revise the list of migratory birds at 50 CFR 10.13; we accepted public comments on the proposed rule for 60 days, ending January 28, 2019. We received eight comments in response to the proposed rule; seven were from private individuals, one was from an organization. Subsequently, on November 12, 2019, we published in the **Federal Register** (84 FR 60998) a

revised proposed rule, and we accepted comments on our proposed revisions for 30 days, ending December 12, 2019. We received two comments in response to the revised proposed rule; one was from a private individual, one was from an organization. The following text discusses the substantive comments we received and provides our responses.

Comment (1): One individual requested that the list be available in a more user-friendly format.

Response: As noted above, in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), the list is provided in two formats for different needs. One format is ordered alphabetically by group (English) name and the other is in taxonomic order. For informational purposes only, we also provide a downloadable list online at <https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/migratory-bird-treaty-act-protected-species.php>, in a spreadsheet format that includes multiple fields to allow for easy sorting and searching for users comfortable working with this format.

Comment (2): One individual requested that we clarify why we are adding to the List the 16 species that we say qualify for protection by the MBTA but have not been added previously.

Response: For this update, the Service reviewed previously excluded AOS taxonomic updates using contemporary scientific literature to make its determinations. For species that we are adding based on evidence of natural distribution in the United States or U.S. territories, the Service reviewed historical scientific literature prompted by recommendations made by Service staff with ornithological expertise and knowledge of species' natural distribution.

Comment (3): One individual commented on the importance of updating the List of Migratory Birds for the public to be informed of what species are protected and to provide clarification about the taxonomy of species.

Response: The Service agrees that it is important to maintain a current List of Migratory Birds that reflects the best available science and can inform the American public of the species that are protected by the MBTA.

Comment (4): One commenter made the following comments:

- The proposed action of the Service implicates the Just Compensation Clause of the Fifth Amendment; as a result, the action is not in compliance with Executive Order 12630 as it has significant takings implications.
- The Service has provided the public with no meaningful opportunity to comment due to incorrect citations.
- The Service has provided the public with no meaningful opportunity to comment because the correct citations are conclusory summations without details relating to the factual determinations.
- The Service has unlawfully delegated its decision-making authority to a private organization.
- The Service is unlawfully applying the MBTA by misinterpreting the plain language meaning of the term “occurring.”

Response: Regarding the first bullet, there are no takings implications stemming from this rulemaking. Under 50 CFR 21.2, migratory birds that are lawfully acquired prior to the effective date of Federal protection under the MBTA (in this case, their addition to the List of Migratory Birds at 50 CFR 10.13) may continue to be possessed or transported without a permit. However, 50 CFR 21.2 prohibits import, export, purchase, sale, barter, or offer for purchase, sale, or barter of those species. The Supreme Court held in *Andrus v. Allard*, 444 U.S. 51, 65–68

(1979), that the prohibitions in 50 CFR 21.2 do not amount to a regulatory taking that requires compensation under the Just Compensation Clause of the Fifth Amendment.

Regarding the second bullet, we apologize for the incorrect citations in the November 28, 2018, proposed rule; they were corrected and described individually in the November 12, 2019, revised proposed rule, for which we accepted public comment for 30 days, and they are correct in this final rule.

Regarding the third and fourth bullets, which we combine because they are interrelated with regard to the process the Service follows for determining species protected by the MBTA, the Service must rely on accepted scientific authorities and best available science when feasible. The Service has determined that the checklist published by the AOS is the best available science and a primary resource from which to reference updates in taxonomy and natural distribution for the reasons outlined above under **What Scientific Authorities Are Used to Amend the List of Migratory Birds?** The Service reviews and makes its own determinations for inclusion and updates to the list of protected migratory bird species, as evidenced by the Service not recognizing ackling Gogose, *Branta hutchinsii*, as a distinct species for protection until this update when the AOU made this determination in its 2004 supplement (see our response to comments in 78 FR 65844, November 1, 2013, at p. 78 FR 65849). Copies of the AOS checklist and supplements are publicly available, and these publications cite published resources used in the committee deliberations that are also considered by the Service for this rulemaking. Persons wishing to obtain more information about deliberations and evidence used by the AOS in their determinations should contact AOS directly. The Service also solicits public comments through a proposed rule when we make revisions to the list of protected species to obtain any additional information the public wishes to provide to aid us in our decision-making.

Regarding the fifth bullet, the use of the word “occurring” is ambiguous in the legislative history, and there is no evidence that Congress was concerned with the number of records documenting a species’ natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. Territories. There is also no established or accepted scientific process to determine a species is occurring in the United States or U.S. Territories based on an undefined threshold number of documented records. A single documented, reviewed, and accepted record of natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. Territories is thus the threshold to qualify a species for protection by the MBTA.

Required Determinations

Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Order (E.O.) 12866 provides that the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) in the Office of Management and Budget will review all significant rules. OIRA has determined that this rule is not significant.

E.O. 13563 reaffirms the principles of E.O. 12866, while calling for improvements in the nation’s regulatory system to promote predictability, to reduce uncertainty, and to use the best, most innovative, and least burdensome tools for achieving regulatory ends. E.O. 13563 directs agencies to consider regulatory approaches that reduce burdens and maintain flexibility and freedom of choice for the public where these approaches are relevant, feasible, and consistent with regulatory objectives. E.O. 13563 emphasizes further that regulations must be based on the best available science and that the rulemaking process must allow for public participation and an open exchange of ideas. We have developed this rule in a manner consistent with these requirements.

Executive Order 13771—Reducing Regulation and Controlling Regulatory Costs

This rule is not an Executive Order (E.O.) 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 3, 2017) regulatory action because this rule is not significant under E.O. 12866.

Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.)

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA) of 1996 (5 U.S.C. 804(2)), whenever an agency is required to publish a notice of rulemaking for any proposed or final rule, it must prepare and make available for public comment a regulatory flexibility analysis that describes the effect of the rule on small entities (i.e., small businesses, small organizations, and small government jurisdictions). However, no regulatory flexibility analysis is required if the head of an agency certifies the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

SBREFA amended the Regulatory Flexibility Act to require Federal agencies to provide the statement of the factual basis for certifying that a rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. We have examined this rule's potential effects on small entities as required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act, and have determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is an administrative action to update the list of migratory bird species protected under the Conventions. Consequently, we certify that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities; therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required.

This rule is not a major rule under SBREFA (5 U.S.C. 804(2)). It will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

- a. This rule will not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more.

b. This rule will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.

c. This rule will not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

In accordance with the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), we have determined the following:

a. This rule will not “significantly or uniquely” affect small governments. A small government agency plan is not required. This rule is an administrative action to update the list of migratory bird species protected under the Conventions; it will not affect small government activities in any significant way.

b. This rule will not produce a Federal mandate of \$100 million or greater in any year; i.e., it is not a “significant regulatory action” under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.

Takings

Under Executive Order 12630, this rule does not have significant takings implications. While certain activities that were previously unregulated will now be regulated, possession and transport of migratory bird species acquired prior to being added to the List of Migratory Birds in this rulemaking will remain unregulated under Federal law. Therefore, a takings implication assessment is not required.

Federalism

This rule does not have sufficient Federalism effects to warrant preparation of a federalism summary impact statement under Executive Order 13132. It does not interfere with

the States' ability to manage themselves or their funds. No significant economic impacts are expected to result from the updating of the list of migratory bird species.

Civil Justice Reform

In accordance with Executive Order 12988, the Office of the Solicitor has determined that this rule does not unduly burden the judicial system and meets the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of the Order.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain information collection requirements, and a submission to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) is not required. We may not conduct or sponsor and you are not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

Given that the revision of 50 CFR 10.13 is strictly administrative in nature and will have no or minor environmental effects, it is categorically excluded from further NEPA requirements (43 CFR 46.210(i)).

Endangered Species Act (ESA)

Of the species on the List of Migratory Birds, 102 species, subspecies, or distinct population segments are also listed as endangered or threatened under section 4 of the ESA of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.). No legal complications arise from the dual listing as the two lists are developed under separate authorities and for different purposes. Because this rule is strictly administrative in nature, it has no effect on endangered or threatened species. Thus, it does not require consultation under section 7 of the ESA.

Government-to-Government Relationship with Tribes

In accordance with the President's memorandum of April 29, 1994, "Government-to-Government Relations with Native American tribal Governments" (59 FR 22951), Executive Order 13175, and 512 DM 2, we have evaluated potential effects on federally recognized Indian tribes and have determined that there are no potential effects. The revisions to existing regulations in this rule are purely administrative in nature and do not interfere with the tribes' ability to manage themselves or their funds or to regulate migratory bird activities on tribal lands.

Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use (Executive Order 13211)

On May 18, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13211 addressing regulations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution, or use. Executive Order 13211 requires agencies to prepare Statements of Energy Effects when undertaking certain actions. Because this rule will only affect the listing of protected species in the United States, it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866, and does not significantly affect energy supplies, distribution, or use. Therefore, this action is not a significant energy action and no Statement of Energy Effects is required.

References Cited

A complete list of all references cited is available on <http://www.regulations.gov> under Docket No. FWS-HQ-MB-2018-0047, and upon request (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**, above).

List of Subjects in Part 10

Exports, Fish, Imports, Law enforcement, Plants, Transportation, Wildlife.

Regulation Promulgation

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, we amend title 50, chapter I, subchapter B, part 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

PART 10—GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The authority citation for part 10 continues to read as follows:

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 668a-d, 703-712, 742a-j-1, 1361-1384, 1401-1407, 1531-1543, 3371-3378; 18 U.S.C. 42; 19 U.S.C. 1202.

2. Amend § 10.13 by revising paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§10.13 List of Migratory Birds.

* * * * *

(c) *What species are protected as migratory birds?* Species protected as migratory birds are listed in two formats to suit the varying needs of the user: Alphabetically in paragraph (c)(1) of this section and taxonomically in paragraph (c)(2) of this section. Taxonomy and nomenclature generally follow the 7th edition of the American Ornithologists' Union's (AOU, now recognized as American Ornithological Society (AOS)) *Check-list of North American birds* (1998, as amended through 2019). For species not treated by the AOS *Check-list*, we generally follow *Clements Checklist of Birds of the World* (Clements et al. 2017).

(1) *Alphabetical listing.* Species are listed alphabetically by common (English) group names, with the scientific name of each species following the common name.

ACCENTOR, Siberian, *Prunella montanella*

‘AKEKE‘E, *Loxops caeruleirostris*

‘AKEPA, Hawaii, *Loxops coccineus*

Maui, *Loxops ochraceus*

O‘ahu, *Loxops wolstenholmei*

‘AKIALOA, Kauai, *Akialoa stejnegeri*

Maui Nui, *Akialoa lanaiensis*

O‘ahu, *Akialoa ellisiana*

‘AKIAPOLA‘AU, *Hemignathus wilsoni*

‘AKIKIKI, *Oreomystis bairdi*
‘AKOHEKOHE, *Palmeria dolei*
‘ALAUAHIO, Maui, *Paroreomyza montana*
 O‘ahu, *Paroreomyza maculata*
ALBATROSS, Black-browed, *Thalassarche melanophris*
 Black-footed, *Phoebastria nigripes*
 Chatham, *Thalassarche eremita*
 Laysan, *Phoebastria immutabilis*
 Light-mantled, *Phoebastria palpebrata*
 Salvin's, *Thalassarche salvini*
 Short-tailed, *Phoebastria albatrus*
 Wandering, *Diomedea exulans*
 White-capped, *Thalassarche cauta*
 Yellow-nosed, *Thalassarche chlororhynchos*
‘AMAKIHI, Hawaii, *Chlorodrepanis virens*
 Kauai, *Chlorodrepanis stejnegeri*
 O‘ahu, *Chlorodrepanis flava*
ANHINGA, *Anhinga anhinga*
ANI, Groove-billed, *Crotophaga sulcirostris*
 Smooth-billed, *Crotophaga ani*
‘ANIANIAU, *Magumma parva*
‘APAPANE, *Himatione sanguinea*
AUKLET, Cassin's, *Ptychoramphus aleuticus*
 Crested, *Aethia cristatella*
 Least, *Aethia pusilla*
 Parakeet, *Aethia psittacula*
 Rhinoceros, *Cerorhinca monocerata*
 Whiskered, *Aethia pygmaea*
AVOCET, American, *Recurvirostra americana*

BANANAQUIT, *Coereba flaveola*

BEAN-GOOSE, Taiga, *Anser fabalis*
Tundra, *Anser serrirostris*

BEARDLESS-TYRANNULET, Northern, *Camptostoma imberbe*

BECARD, Gray-collared, *Pachyramphus major*
Rose-throated, *Pachyramphus aglaiae*

BITTERN, American, *Botaurus lentiginosus*
Black, *Ixobrychus flavicollis*
Least, *Ixobrychus exilis*
Schrenck's, *Ixobrychus eurhythmus*
Yellow, *Ixobrychus sinensis*

BLACKBIRD, Brewer's, *Euphagus cyanocephalus*
Red-winged, *Agelaius phoeniceus*
Rusty, *Euphagus carolinus*
Tawny-shouldered, *Agelaius humeralis*
Tricolored, *Agelaius tricolor*
Yellow-headed, *Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus*
Yellow-shouldered, *Agelaius xanthomus*

BLUEBIRD, Eastern, *Sialia sialis*
Mountain, *Sialia currucoides*
Western, *Sialia mexicana*

BLUETAIL, Red-flanked, *Tarsiger cyanurus*

BLUETHROAT, *Cyanecula svecica*

BOBOLINK, *Dolichonyx oryzivorus*

BOOBOOK, Northern, *Ninox japonica*

BOOBY, Abbott's, *Papasula abbotti*
Blue-footed, *Sula nebouxii*
Brown, *Sula leucogaster*
Masked, *Sula dactylatra*

Nazca, *Sula granti*
 Red-footed, *Sula sula*
 BRAMBLING, *Fringilla montifringilla*
 BRANT, *Branta bernicla*
 BUFFLEHEAD, *Bucephala albeola*
 BULLFINCH, Eurasian, *Pyrrhula pyrrhula*
 Puerto Rican, *Melopyrrha portoricensis*
 BUNTING, Blue, *Cyanocompsa parellina*
 Gray, *Emberiza variabilis*
 Indigo, *Passerina cyanea*
 Lark, *Calamospiza melanocorys*
 Lazuli, *Passerina amoena*
 Little, *Emberiza pusilla*
 McKay's, *Plectrophenax hyperboreus*
 Painted, *Passerina ciris*
 Pallas's, *Emberiza pallasi*
 Pine, *Emberiza leucocephalos*
 Reed, *Emberiza schoeniclus*
 Rustic, *Emberiza rustica*
 Snow, *Plectrophenax nivalis*
 Varied, *Passerina versicolor*
 Yellow-breasted, *Emberiza aureola*
 Yellow-browed, *Emberiza chrysophrys*
 Yellow-throated, *Emberiza elegans*
 BUSHTIT, *Psaltriparus minimus*
 BUZZARD, Gray-faced, *Butastur indicus*
 CANVASBACK, *Aythya valisineria*
 CARACARA, Crested, *Caracara cheriway*
 CARDINAL, Northern, *Cardinalis cardinalis*

CARIB, Green-throated, *Eulampis holosericeus*
Purple-throated, *Eulampis jugularis*
CATBIRD, Black, *Melanoptila glabrirostris*
Gray, *Dumetella carolinensis*
CHAFFINCH, Common, *Fringilla coelebs*
CHAT, Yellow-breasted, *Icteria virens*
CHICKADEE, Black-capped, *Poecile atricapillus*
Boreal, *Poecile hudsonicus*
Carolina, *Poecile carolinensis*
Chestnut-backed, *Poecile rufescens*
Gray-headed, *Poecile cinctus*
Mexican, *Poecile sclateri*
Mountain, *Poecile gambeli*
CHIFFCHAFF, Common, *Phylloscopus collybita*
CHUCK-WILL'S-WIDOW, *Antrostomus carolinensis*
CONDOR, California, *Gymnogyps californianus*
COOT, American, *Fulica americana*
Eurasian, *Fulica atra*
Hawaiian, *Fulica alai*
CORMORANT, Brandt's, *Phalacrocorax penicillatus*
Double-crested, *Phalacrocorax auritus*
Great, *Phalacrocorax carbo*
Little Pied, *Phalacrocorax melanoleucos*
Neotropic, *Phalacrocorax brasilianus*
Pelagic, *Phalacrocorax pelagicus*
Red-faced, *Phalacrocorax urile*
COWBIRD, Bronzed, *Molothrus aeneus*
Brown-headed, *Molothrus ater*
Shiny, *Molothrus bonariensis*

CRAKE, Corn, *Crex crex*
Paint-billed, *Neocrex erythrops*
Spotless, *Porzana tabuensis*
Yellow-breasted, *Hapalocrex flaviventer*

CRANE, Common, *Grus grus*
Sandhill, *Antigone canadensis*
Whooping, *Grus americana*

CREEPER, Brown, *Certhia americana*
Hawaii, *Loxops mana*

CROSSBILL, Cassia, *Loxia sinesciuris*
Red, *Loxia curvirostra*
White-winged, *Loxia leucoptera*

CROW, American, *Corvus brachyrhynchos*
Fish, *Corvus ossifragus*
Hawaiian, *Corvus hawaiiensis*
Mariana, *Corvus kubaryi*
Northwestern, *Corvus caurinus*
Tamaulipas, *Corvus imparatus*
White-necked, *Corvus leucognaphalus*

CUCKOO, Black-billed, *Coccyzus erythrophthalmus*
Common, *Cuculus canorus*
Mangrove, *Coccyzus minor*
Oriental, *Cuculus optatus*
Yellow-billed, *Coccyzus americanus*

CURLEW, Bristle-thighed, *Numenius tahitiensis*
Eskimo, *Numenius borealis*
Eurasian, *Numenius arquata*
Far Eastern, *Numenius madagascariensis*
Little, *Numenius minutus*

Long-billed, *Numenius americanus*
DICKCISSEL, *Spiza americana*
DIPPER, American, *Cinclus mexicanus*
DOTTEREL, Eurasian, *Charadrius morinellus*
DOVE, Common Ground, *Columbina passerina*
Inca, *Columbina inca*
Mourning, *Zenaida macroura*
Ruddy Ground, *Columbina talpacoti*
White-tipped, *Leptotila verreauxi*
White-winged, *Zenaida asiatica*
Zenaida, *Zenaida aurita*
DOVEKIE, *Alle alle*
DOWITCHER, Long-billed, *Limnodromus scolopaceus*
Short-billed, *Limnodromus griseus*
DUCK, American Black, *Anas rubripes*
Eastern Spot-billed, *Anas zonorhyncha*
Falcated, *Mareca falcata*
Harlequin, *Histrionicus histrionicus*
Hawaiian, *Anas wyvilliana*
Laysan, *Anas laysanensis*
Long-tailed, *Clangula hyemalis*
Masked, *Nomonyx dominicus*
Mottled, *Anas fulvigula*
Muscovy, *Cairina moschata*
Pacific Black, *Anas superciliosa*
Ring-necked, *Aythya collaris*
Ruddy, *Oxyura jamaicensis*
Tufted, *Aythya fuligula*
Wood, *Aix sponsa*

DUNLIN, *Calidris alpina*

EAGLE, Bald, *Haliaeetus leucocephalus*
Golden, *Aquila chrysaetos*
White-tailed, *Haliaeetus albicilla*

EGRET, Cattle, *Bubulcus ibis*
Chinese, *Egretta eulophotes*
Great, *Ardea alba*
Intermediate, *Ardea intermedia*
Little, *Egretta garzetta*
Reddish, *Egretta rufescens*
Snowy, *Egretta thula*

EIDER, Common, *Somateria mollissima*
King, *Somateria spectabilis*
Spectacled, *Somateria fischeri*
Steller's, *Polysticta stelleri*

ELAENIA, Caribbean, *Elaenia martinica*
Greenish, *Myiopagis viridicata*
White-crested, *Elaenia albiceps*

EMERALD, Puerto Rican, *Chlorostilbon maugaeus*

EUPHONIA, Antillean, *Euphonia musica*

FALCON, Amur, *Falco amurensis*
Aplomado, *Falco femoralis*
Peregrine, *Falco peregrinus*
Prairie, *Falco mexicanus*
Red-footed, *Falco vespertinus*

FIELDFARE, *Turdus pilaris*

FINCH, Cassin's, *Haemorhous cassinii*
House, *Haemorhous mexicanus*
Laysan, *Telespiza cantans*

Nihoa, *Telespiza ultima*
Purple, *Haemorhous purpureus*
FLAMINGO, American, *Phoenicopterus ruber*
FLICKER, Gilded, *Colaptes chrysoides*
Northern, *Colaptes auratus*
FLYCATCHER, Acadian, *Empidonax virescens*
Alder, *Empidonax alnorum*
Ash-throated, *Myiarchus cinerascens*
Asian Brown, *Muscicapa dauurica*
Brown-crested, *Myiarchus tyrannulus*
Buff-breasted, *Empidonax fulvifrons*
Cordilleran, *Empidonax occidentalis*
Crowned Slaty, *Empidonomus aurantioatrocristatus*
Dark-sided, *Muscicapa sibirica*
Dusky, *Empidonax oberholseri*
Dusky-capped, *Myiarchus tuberculifer*
Fork-tailed, *Tyrannus savana*
Gray, *Empidonax wrightii*
Gray-streaked, *Muscicapa griseisticta*
Great Crested, *Myiarchus crinitus*
Hammond's, *Empidonax hammondi*
La Sagra's, *Myiarchus sagrae*
Least, *Empidonax minimus*
Mugimaki, *Ficedula mugimaki*
Narcissus, *Ficedula narcissina*
Nutting's, *Myiarchus nuttingi*
Olive-sided, *Contopus cooperi*
Pacific-slope, *Empidonax difficilis*
Pine, *Empidonax affinis*

Piratic, *Legatus leucophaeus*
 Puerto Rican, *Myiarchus antillarum*
 Scissor-tailed, *Tyrannus forficatus*
 Social, *Myiozetetes similis*
 Spotted, *Muscicapa striata*
 Sulphur-bellied, *Myiodynastes luteiventris*
 Taiga, *Ficedula albicilla*
 Tufted, *Mitrephanes phaeocercus*
 Variegated, *Empidonax varius*
 Vermilion, *Pyrocephalus rubinus*
 Willow, *Empidonax traillii*
 Yellow-bellied, *Empidonax flaviventris*
 FOREST-FALCON, Collared, *Micrastur semitorquatus*
 FRIGATEBIRD, Great, *Fregata minor*
 Lesser, *Fregata ariel*
 Magnificent, *Fregata magnificens*
 FRUIT-DOVE, Crimson-crowned, *Ptilinopus porphyraceus*
 Many-colored, *Ptilinopus perousii*
 Mariana, *Ptilinopus roseicapilla*
 FULMAR, Northern, *Fulmarus glacialis*
 GADWALL, *Mareca strepera*
 GALLINULE, Azure, *Porphyrio flavirostris*
 Common, *Gallinula galeata*
 Purple, *Porphyrio martinicus*
 GANNET, Northern, *Morus bassanus*
 GARGANEY, *Spatula querquedula*
 GNATCATCHER, Black-capped, *Polioptila nigriceps*
 Black-tailed, *Polioptila melanura*
 Blue-Gray, *Polioptila caerulea*

California, *Polioptila californica*
GODWIT, Bar-tailed, *Limosa lapponica*
Black-tailed, *Limosa limosa*
Hudsonian, *Limosa haemastica*
Marbled, *Limosa fedoa*
GOLDENEYE, Barrow's, *Bucephala islandica*
Common, *Bucephala clangula*
GOLDEN-PLOVER, American, *Pluvialis dominica*
European, *Pluvialis apricaria*
Pacific, *Pluvialis fulva*
GOLDFINCH, American, *Spinus tristis*
Lawrence's, *Spinus lawrencei*
Lesser, *Spinus psaltria*
GOOSE, Barnacle, *Branta leucopsis*
Cackling, *Branta hutchinsii*
Canada, *Branta canadensis*
Emperor, *Anser canagicus*
Greater White-fronted, *Anser albifrons*
Hawaiian, *Branta sandvicensis*
Lesser White-fronted, *Anser erythropus*
Pink-footed, *Anser brachyrhynchus*
Ross's, *Anser rossii*
Snow, *Anser caerulescens*
GOSHAWK, Northern, *Accipiter gentilis*
GRACKLE, Boat-tailed, *Quiscalus major*
Common, *Quiscalus quiscula*
Greater Antillean, *Quiscalus niger*
Great-tailed, *Quiscalus mexicanus*
GRASSHOPPER-WARBLER, Middendorff's, *Locustella ochotensis*

GRASSQUIT, Black-faced, *Melanospiza bicolor*
 Yellow-faced, *Tiaris olivaceus*

GREBE, Clark's, *Aechmophorus clarkii*
 Eared, *Podiceps nigricollis*
 Horned, *Podiceps auritus*
 Least, *Tachybaptus dominicus*
 Pied-billed, *Podilymbus podiceps*
 Red-necked, *Podiceps grisegena*
 Western, *Aechmophorus occidentalis*

GREENFINCH, Oriental, *Chloris sinica*

GREENSHANK, Common, *Tringa nebularia*
 Nordmann's, *Tringa guttifer*

GROSBEAK, Black-headed, *Pheucticus melanocephalus*
 Blue, *Passerina caerulea*
 Crimson-collared, *Rhodothraupis celaeno*
 Evening, *Coccothraustes vespertinus*
 Pine, *Pinicola enucleator*
 Rose-breasted, *Pheucticus ludovicianus*
 Yellow, *Pheucticus chrysopleus*

GROUND-DOVE, Shy, *Alopecoenas stairi*
 White-throated, *Alopecoenas xanthonurus*

GUILLEMOT, Black, *Cephus grylle*
 Pigeon, *Cephus columba*

GULL, Belcher's, *Larus belcheri*
 Black-headed, *Chroicocephalus ridibundus*
 Black-tailed, *Larus crassirostris*
 Bonaparte's, *Chroicocephalus philadelphia*
 California, *Larus californicus*
 Franklin's, *Leucophaeus pipixcan*

Glaucous, *Larus hyperboreus*
Glaucous-winged, *Larus glaucescens*
Gray-hooded, *Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus*
Great Black-backed, *Larus marinus*
Heermann's, *Larus heermanni*
Herring, *Larus argentatus*
Iceland, *Larus glaucoides*
Ivory, *Pagophila eburnea*
Kelp, *Larus dominicanus*
Laughing, *Leucophaeus atricilla*
Lesser Black-backed, *Larus fuscus*
Little, *Hydrocoloeus minutus*
Mew, *Larus canus*
Ring-billed, *Larus delawarensis*
Ross's, *Rhodostethia rosea*
Sabine's, *Xema sabini*
Slaty-backed, *Larus schistisagus*
Swallow-tailed, *Creagrus furcatus*
Western, *Larus occidentalis*
Yellow-footed, *Larus livens*
Yellow-legged, *Larus michahellis*

GYRFALCON, *Falco rusticolus*

HARRIER, Northern, *Circus hudsonius*

HAWFINCH, *Coccothraustes coccothraustes*

HAWK, Broad-winged, *Buteo platypterus*

Common Black, *Buteogallus anthracinus*

Cooper's, *Accipiter cooperii*

Crane, *Geranospiza caerulescens*

Ferruginous, *Buteo regalis*

Gray, *Buteo plagiatus*
Great Black, *Buteogallus urubitinga*
Harris's, *Parabuteo unicinctus*
Hawaiian, *Buteo solitarius*
Red-shouldered, *Buteo lineatus*
Red-tailed, *Buteo jamaicensis*
Roadside, *Rupornis magnirostris*
Rough-legged, *Buteo lagopus*
Sharp-shinned, *Accipiter striatus*
Short-tailed, *Buteo brachyurus*
Swainson's, *Buteo swainsoni*
White-tailed, *Geranoaetus albicaudatus*
Zone-tailed, *Buteo albonotatus*

HAWK-CUCKOO, Hodgson's, *Hierococcyx nasicolor*

HERON, Gray, *Ardea cinerea*

Great Blue, *Ardea herodias*

Green, *Butorides virescens*

Little Blue, *Egretta caerulea*

Tricolored, *Egretta tricolor*

HOBBY, Eurasian, *Falco subbuteo*

HONEYCREEPER, Laysan, *Himatione fraithii*

Red-legged, *Cyanerpes cyaneus*

HOOPOE, Eurasian, *Upupa epops*

HOUSE-MARTIN, Common, *Delichon urbicum*

HUMMINGBIRD, Allen's, *Selasphorus sasin*

Anna's, *Calypte anna*

Antillean Crested, *Orthorhyncus cristatus*

Berylline, *Amazilia beryllina*

Black-chinned, *Archilochus alexandri*

Broad-billed, *Cynanthus latirostris*
Broad-tailed, *Selasphorus platycercus*
Buff-bellied, *Amazilia yucatanensis*
Bumblebee, *Atthis heloisa*
Calliope, *Selasphorus calliope*
Cinnamon, *Amazilia rutila*
Costa's, *Calypte costae*
Lucifer, *Calothorax lucifer*
Rivoli's, *Eugenes fulgens*
Ruby-throated, *Archilochus colubris*
Rufous, *Selasphorus rufus*
Vervain, *Mellisuga minima*
Violet-crowned, *Amazilia violiceps*
White-eared, *Hylocharis leucotis*
Xantus's, *Hylocharis xantusii*

IBIS, Glossy, *Plegadis falcinellus*
Scarlet, *Eudocimus ruber*
White, *Eudocimus albus*
White-faced, *Plegadis chihi*

‘I‘IWI, *Drepanis coccinea*

IMPERIAL-PIGEON, Pacific, *Ducula pacifica*

JABIRU, *Jabiru mycteria*

JACANA, Northern, *Jacana spinosa*

JACKDAW, Eurasian, *Corvus monedula*

JAEGER, Long-tailed, *Stercorarius longicaudus*
Parasitic, *Stercorarius parasiticus*
Pomarine, *Stercorarius pomarinus*

JAY, Blue, *Cyanocitta cristata*
Brown, *Psilorhinus morio*

Canada, *Perisoreus canadensis*
Green, *Cyanocorax yncas*
Mexican, *Aphelocoma wollweberi*
Pinyon, *Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus*
Steller's, *Cyanocitta stelleri*
JUNCO, Dark-eyed, *Junco hyemalis*
 Yellow-eyed, *Junco phaeonotus*
KĀKĀWAHIE, *Paroreomyza flammea*
KĀMA‘O, *Myadestes myadestinus*
KESTREL, American, *Falco sparverius*
 Eurasian, *Falco tinnunculus*
KILLDEER, *Charadrius vociferus*
KINGBIRD, Cassin's, *Tyrannus vociferans*
 Couch's, *Tyrannus couchii*
 Eastern, *Tyrannus tyrannus*
 Gray, *Tyrannus dominicensis*
 Loggerhead, *Tyrannus caudifasciatus*
 Thick-billed, *Tyrannus crassirostris*
 Tropical, *Tyrannus melancholicus*
 Western, *Tyrannus verticalis*
KINGFISHER, Amazon, *Chloroceryle amazona*
 Belted, *Megaceryle alcyon*
 Common, *Alcedo atthis*
 Green, *Chloroceryle americana*
 Guam, *Todiramphus cinnamominus*
 Mariana, *Todiramphus albicilla*
 Pacific, *Todiramphus sacer*
 Ringed, *Megaceryle torquata*
KINGLET, Golden-crowned, *Regulus satrapa*

Ruby-crowned, *Regulus calendula*

KISKADEE, Great, *Pitangus sulphuratus*

KITE, Black, *Milvus migrans*

Double-toothed, *Harpagus bidentatus*

Hook-billed, *Chondrohierax uncinatus*

Mississippi, *Ictinia mississippiensis*

Snail, *Rostrhamus sociabilis*

Swallow-tailed, *Elanoides forficatus*

White-tailed, *Elanus leucurus*

KITTIWAKE, Black-legged, *Rissa tridactyla*

Red-legged, *Rissa brevirostris*

KNOT, Great, *Calidris tenuirostris*

Red, *Calidris canutus*

KOEL, Long-tailed, *Urodynamis taitensis*

LAPWING, Northern, *Vanellus vanellus*

LARK, Horned, *Eremophila alpestris*

LIMPKIN, *Aramus guarauna*

LIZARD-CUCKOO, Puerto Rican, *Coccyzus vieilloti*

LONGSPUR, Chestnut-collared, *Calcarius ornatus*

Lapland, *Calcarius lapponicus*

McCown's, *Rhynchophanes mccownii*

Smith's, *Calcarius pictus*

LOON, Arctic, *Gavia arctica*

Common, *Gavia immer*

Pacific, *Gavia pacifica*

Red-throated, *Gavia stellata*

Yellow-billed, *Gavia adamsii*

MAGPIE, Black-billed, *Pica hudsonia*

Yellow-billed, *Pica nuttalli*

MALLARD, *Anas platyrhynchos*

MANGO, Antillean, *Anthracothorax dominicus*
 Green, *Anthracothorax viridis*
 Green-breasted, *Anthracothorax prevostii*

MARSH-HARRIER, Eastern, *Circus spilonotus*

MARTIN, Brown-chested, *Progne tapera*
 Caribbean, *Progne dominicensis*
 Cuban, *Progne cryptoleuca*
 Gray-breasted, *Progne chalybea*
 Purple, *Progne subis*
 Southern, *Progne elegans*

MEADOWLARK, Eastern, *Sturnella magna*
 Western, *Sturnella neglecta*

MERGANSER, Common, *Mergus merganser*
 Hooded, *Lophodytes cucullatus*
 Red-breasted, *Mergus serrator*

MERLIN, *Falco columbarius*

MILLERBIRD, *Acrocephalus familiaris*

MOCKINGBIRD, Bahama, *Mimus gundlachii*
 Blue, *Melanotis caerulescens*
 Northern, *Mimus polyglottos*

MOORHEN, Common, *Gallinula chloropus*

MOUNTAIN-GEM, Amethyst-throated, *Lampornis amethystinus*
 Blue-throated, *Lampornis clemenciae*

MURRE, Common, *Uria aalge*
 Thick-billed, *Uria lomvia*

MURRELET, Ancient, *Synthliboramphus antiquus*
 Craveri's, *Synthliboramphus craveri*
 Guadalupe, *Synthliboramphus hypoleucus*

Kittlitz's, *Brachyramphus brevirostris*
Long-billed, *Brachyramphus perdix*
Marbled, *Brachyramphus marmoratus*
Scripps's, *Synthliboramphus scrippsi*
NEEDLETAIL, White-throated, *Hirundapus caudacutus*
NIGHTHAWK, Antillean, *Chordeiles gundlachii*
Common, *Chordeiles minor*
Lesser, *Chordeiles acutipennis*
NIGHT-HERON, Black-crowned, *Nycticorax nycticorax*
Japanese, *Gorsachius goisagi*
Malayan, *Gorsachius melanolophus*
Rufous, *Nycticorax caledonicus*
Yellow-crowned, *Nyctanassa violacea*
NIGHTINGALE-THRUSH, Black-headed, *Catharus mexicanus*
Orange-billed, *Catharus aurantiirostris*
NIGHTJAR, Buff-collared, *Antrostomus ridgwayi*
Gray, *Caprimulgus jotaka*
Puerto Rican, *Antrostomus noctitherus*
White-tailed, *Hydropsalis cayennensis*
NODDY, Black, *Anous minutus*
Blue-gray, *Anous ceruleus*
Brown, *Anous stolidus*
NUKUPU'U, Kauai, *Hemignathus hanapepe*
Maui, *Hemignathus affinis*
O'ahu, *Hemignathus lucidus*
NUTCRAKER, Clark's, *Nucifraga columbiana*
NUTHATCH, Brown-headed, *Sitta pusilla*
Pygmy, *Sitta pygmaea*
Red-breasted, *Sitta canadensis*

White-breasted, *Sitta carolinensis*

OLOMA‘O, *Myadestes lanaiensis*

‘ŌMA‘O, *Myadestes obscurus*

ORIOLE, Altamira, *Icterus gularis*

Audubon's, *Icterus graduacauda*

Baltimore, *Icterus galbula*

Black-backed, *Icterus abeillei*

Black-vented, *Icterus wagleri*

Bullock's, *Icterus bullockii*

Hooded, *Icterus cucullatus*

Orchard, *Icterus spurius*

Puerto Rican, *Icterus portoricensis*

Scott's, *Icterus parisorum*

Streak-backed, *Icterus pustulatus*

OSPREY, *Pandion haliaetus*

‘Ō‘Ū, *Psittirostra psittacea*

OVENBIRD, *Seiurus aurocapilla*

OWL, Barn, *Tyto alba*

Barred, *Strix varia*

Boreal, *Aegolius funereus*

Burrowing, *Athene cunicularia*

Elf, *Micrathene whitneyi*

Flammulated, *Psilosops flammeolus*

Great Gray, *Strix nebulosa*

Great Horned, *Bubo virginianus*

Long-eared, *Asio otus*

Mottled, *Ciccaba virgata*

Northern Hawk, *Surnia ulula*

Northern Saw-whet, *Aegolius acadicus*

Short-eared, *Asio flammeus*
Snowy, *Bubo scandiacus*
Spotted, *Strix occidentalis*
Stygian, *Asio stygius*

OYSTERCATCHER, American, *Haematopus palliatus*
Black, *Haematopus bachmani*
Eurasian, *Haematopus ostralegus*

PALILA, *Loxioides bailleui*

PALM-SWIFT, Antillean, *Tachornis phoenicobia*

PARROTBILL, Maui, *Pseudonestor xanthophrys*

PARULA, Northern, *Setophaga americana*
Tropical, *Setophaga pitiayumi*

PAURAQUE, Common, *Nyctidromus albicollis*

PELICAN, American White, *Pelecanus erythrorhynchos*
Brown, *Pelecanus occidentalis*

PETREL, Bermuda, *Pterodroma cahow*
Black-capped, *Pterodroma hasitata*
Black-winged, *Pterodroma nigripennis*
Bonin, *Pterodroma hypoleuca*
Bulwer's, *Bulweria bulwerii*
Cook's, *Pterodroma cookii*
Fea's, *Pterodroma feae*
Gould's, *Pterodroma leucoptera*
Gray-faced, *Pterodroma gouldi*
Hawaiian, *Pterodroma sandwichensis*
Herald, *Pterodroma heraldica*
Jouanin's, *Bulweria fallax*
Juan Fernandez, *Pterodroma externa*
Kermadec, *Pterodroma neglecta*

Mottled, *Pterodroma inexpectata*
Murphy's, *Pterodroma ultima*
Parkinson's, *Procellaria parkinsoni*
Phoenix, *Pterodroma alba*
Providence, *Pterodroma solandri*
Stejneger's, *Pterodroma longirostris*
Tahiti, *Pseudobulweria rostrata*
Trindade, *Pterodroma arminjoniana*
White-chinned, *Procellaria aequinoctialis*
White-necked, *Pterodroma cervicalis*
Zino's, *Pterodroma madeira*

PEWEE, Cuban, *Contopus caribaeus*
Greater, *Contopus pertinax*
Hispaniolan, *Contopus hispaniolensis*
Lesser Antillean, *Contopus latirostris*

PHAINOPEPLA, *Phainopepla nitens*

PHALAROPE, Red, *Phalaropus fulicarius*
Red-necked, *Phalaropus lobatus*
Wilson's, *Phalaropus tricolor*

PHOEBE, Black, *Sayornis nigricans*
Eastern, *Sayornis phoebe*
Say's, *Sayornis saya*

PIGEON, Band-tailed, *Patagioenas fasciata*
Plain, *Patagioenas inornata*
Red-billed, *Patagioenas flavirostris*
Scaly-naped, *Patagioenas squamosa*
White-crowned, *Patagioenas leucocephala*

PINTAIL, Northern, *Anas acuta*
White-cheeked, *Anas bahamensis*

PIPIT, American, *Anthus rubescens*
Olive-backed, *Anthus hodgsoni*
Pechora, *Anthus gustavi*
Red-throated, *Anthus cervinus*
Sprague's, *Anthus spragueii*
Tree, *Anthus trivialis*

PLOVER, Black-bellied, *Pluvialis squatarola*
Collared, *Charadrius collaris*
Common Ringed, *Charadrius hiaticula*
Kentish, *Charadrius alexandrinus*
Little Ringed, *Charadrius dubius*
Mountain, *Charadrius montanus*
Piping, *Charadrius melodus*
Semipalmated, *Charadrius semipalmatus*
Snowy, *Charadrius nivosus*
Wilson's, *Charadrius wilsonia*

POCHARD, Baer's, *Aythya baeri*
Common, *Aythya ferina*

POND-HERON, Chinese, *Ardeola bacchus*

POORWILL, Common, *Phalaenoptilus nuttallii*

PO'OU'LI, *Melanprosops phaeosoma*

PUAIOHI, *Myadestes palmeri*

PUFFIN, Atlantic, *Fratercula arctica*
Horned, *Fratercula corniculata*
Tufted, *Fratercula cirrhata*

PYGMY-OWL, Ferruginous, *Glaucidium brasilianum*
Northern, *Glaucidium gnoma*

PYRRHULOXIA, *Cardinalis sinuatus*

QUAIL-DOVE, Bridled, *Geotrygon mystacea*

Key West, *Geotrygon chrysis*
Ruddy, *Geotrygon montana*
QUETZAL, Eared, *Euptilotis neoxenus*
RAIL, Black, *Laterallus jamaicensis*
Buff-banded, *Gallirallus philippensis*
Clapper, *Rallus crepitans*
Guam, *Gallirallus owstoni*
King, *Rallus elegans*
Ridgway's, *Rallus obsoletus*
Spotted, *Pardirallus maculatus*
Virginia, *Rallus limicola*
Yellow, *Coturnicops noveboracensis*
RAVEN, Chihuahuan, *Corvus cryptoleucus*
Common, *Corvus corax*
RAZORBILL, *Alca torda*
REDHEAD, *Aythya americana*
REDPOLL, Common, *Acanthis flammea*
Hoary, *Acanthis hornemanni*
REDSHANK, Common, *Tringa totanus*
Spotted, *Tringa erythropus*
REDSTART, American, *Setophaga ruticilla*
Common, *Phoenicurus phoenicurus*
Painted, *Myioborus pictus*
Slate-throated, *Myioborus miniatus*
REDWING, *Turdus iliacus*
REEF-HERON, Pacific, *Egretta sacra*
Western, *Egretta gularis*
ROADRUNNER, Greater, *Geococcyx californianus*
ROBIN, American, *Turdus migratorius*

European, *Erithacus rubecula*
Rufous-backed, *Turdus rufopalliatus*
Rufous-tailed, *Larvivora sibilans*
Siberian Blue, *Larvivora cyane*
ROCK-THRUSH, Blue, *Monticola solitarius*
ROSEFINCH, Common, *Carpodacus erythrinus*
Pallas's, *Carpodacus roseus*
ROSY-FINCH, Asian, *Leucosticte arctoa*
Black, *Leucosticte atrata*
Brown-capped, *Leucosticte australis*
Gray-crowned, *Leucosticte tephrocotis*
RUBYTHROAT, Siberian, *Calliope calliope*
RUFF, *Calidris pugnax*
SANDERLING, *Calidris alba*
SANDPIPER, Baird's, *Calidris bairdii*
Broad-billed, *Calidris falcinellus*
Buff-breasted, *Calidris subruficollis*
Common, *Actitis hypoleucos*
Curlew, *Calidris ferruginea*
Green, *Tringa ochropus*
Least, *Calidris minutilla*
Marsh, *Tringa stagnatilis*
Pectoral, *Calidris melanotos*
Purple, *Calidris maritima*
Rock, *Calidris ptilocnemis*
Semipalmated, *Calidris pusilla*
Sharp-tailed, *Calidris acuminata*
Solitary, *Tringa solitaria*
Spoon-billed, *Calidris pygmea*

Spotted, *Actitis macularius*
Stilt, *Calidris himantopus*
Terek, *Xenus cinereus*
Upland, *Bartramia longicauda*
Western, *Calidris mauri*
White-rumped, *Calidris fuscicollis*
Wood, *Tringa glareola*

SAND-PLOVER, Greater, *Charadrius leschenaultii*
Lesser, *Charadrius mongolus*

SAPSUCKER, Red-breasted, *Sphyrapicus ruber*
Red-naped, *Sphyrapicus nuchalis*
Williamson's, *Sphyrapicus thyroideus*
Yellow-bellied, *Sphyrapicus varius*

SCAUP, Greater, *Aythya marila*
Lesser, *Aythya affinis*

SCOPS-OWL, Oriental, *Otus sunia*

SCOTER, Black, *Melanitta americana*
Common, *Melanitta nigra*
Stejneger's, *Melanitta stejnegeri*
Surf, *Melanitta perspicillata*
White-winged, *Melanitta deglandi*

SCREECH-OWL, Eastern, *Megascops asio*
Puerto Rican, *Megascops nudipes*
Western, *Megascops kennicottii*
Whiskered, *Megascops trichopsis*

SCRUB-JAY, California, *Aphelocoma californica*
Florida, *Aphelocoma coerulescens*
Island, *Aphelocoma insularis*
Woodhouse's, *Aphelocoma woodhouseii*

SEA-EAGLE, Steller's, *Haliaeetus pelagicus*
SEEDEATER, Morelet's, *Sporophila moreletii*
SHEARWATER, Audubon's, *Puffinus lherminieri*
 Barolo, *Puffinus baroli*
 Black-vented, *Puffinus opisthomelas*
 Bryan's, *Puffinus bryani*
 Buller's, *Ardenna bulleri*
 Cape Verde, *Calonectris edwardsii*
 Christmas, *Puffinus nativitatis*
 Cory's, *Calonectris diomedea*
 Flesh-footed, *Ardenna carneipes*
 Great, *Ardenna gravis*
 Manx, *Puffinus puffinus*
 Newell's, *Puffinus newelli*
 Pink-footed, *Ardenna creatopus*
 Short-tailed, *Ardenna tenuirostris*
 Sooty, *Ardenna grisea*
 Streaked, *Calonectris leucomelas*
 Wedge-tailed, *Ardenna pacifica*
SHOVELER, Northern, *Spatula clypeata*
SHRIKE, Brown, *Lanius cristatus*
 Loggerhead, *Lanius ludovicianus*
 Northern, *Lanius borealis*
SILKY-FLYCATCHER, Gray, *Ptiliogonys cinereus*
SISKIN, Eurasian, *Spinus spinus*
 Pine, *Spinus pinus*
SKIMMER, Black, *Rynchops niger*
SKUA, Great, *Stercorarius skua*
 South Polar, *Stercorarius maccormicki*

SKYLARK, Eurasian, *Alauda arvensis*
SMEW, *Mergellus albellus*
SNIPE, Common, *Gallinago gallinago*
 Jack, *Lymnocyptes minimus*
 Pin-tailed, *Gallinago stenura*
 Solitary, *Gallinago solitaria*
 Swinhoe's, *Gallinago megala*
 Wilson's, *Gallinago delicata*
SOLITAIRE, Brown-backed, *Myadestes occidentalis*
 Townsend's, *Myadestes townsendi*
SORA, *Porzana carolina*
SPARROW, American Tree, *Spizelloides arborea*
 Bachman's, *Peucaea aestivalis*
 Baird's, *Centronyx bairdii*
 Bell's, *Artemisiospiza belli*
 Black-chinned, *Spizella atrogularis*
 Black-throated, *Amphispiza bilineata*
 Botteri's, *Peucaea botterii*
 Brewer's, *Spizella breweri*
 Cassin's, *Peucaea cassinii*
 Chipping, *Spizella passerina*
 Clay-colored, *Spizella pallida*
 Field, *Spizella pusilla*
 Five-striped, *Amphispiza quinquestriata*
 Fox, *Passerella iliaca*
 Golden-crowned, *Zonotrichia atricapilla*
 Grasshopper, *Ammodramus savannarum*
 Harris's, *Zonotrichia querula*
 Henslow's, *Centronyx henslowii*

Lark, *Chondestes grammacus*
LeConte's, *Ammospiza leconteii*
Lincoln's, *Melospiza lincolni*
Nelson's, *Ammospiza nelsoni*
Olive, *Arremonops rufivirgatus*
Rufous-crowned, *Aimophila ruficeps*
Rufous-winged, *Peucaea carpalis*
Sagebrush, *Artemisiospiza nevadensis*
Saltmarsh, *Ammospiza caudacuta*
Savannah, *Passerculus sandwichensis*
Seaside, *Ammospiza maritima*
Song, *Melospiza melodia*
Swamp, *Melospiza georgiana*
Vesper, *Pooecetes gramineus*
White-crowned, *Zonotrichia leucophrys*
White-throated, *Zonotrichia albicollis*
Worthen's, *Spizella wortheni*

SPARROWHAWK, Chinese, *Accipiter soloensis*
Japanese, *Accipiter gularis*

SPINDALIS, Puerto Rican, *Spindalis portoricensis*
Western, *Spindalis zena*

SPOONBILL, Roseate, *Platalea ajaja*

STARLING, Chestnut-cheeked, *Agropsar philippensis*
White-cheeked, *Spodiopsar cineraceus*

STARTHROAT, Plain-capped, *Heliomaster constantii*

STILT, Black-necked, *Himantopus mexicanus*
Black-winged, *Himantopus himantopus*

STINT, Little, *Calidris minuta*
Long-toed, *Calidris subminuta*

Red-necked, *Calidris ruficollis*
Temminck's, *Calidris temminckii*
STONECHAT, *Saxicola torquatus*
STORK, Wood, *Mycteria americana*
STORM-PETREL, Ashy, *Hydrobates homochroa*
Band-rumped, *Hydrobates castro*
Black, *Hydrobates melania*
Black-bellied, *Fregetta tropica*
European, *Hydrobates pelagicus*
Fork-tailed, *Hydrobates furcatus*
Leach's, *Hydrobates leucorhous*
Least, *Hydrobates microsoma*
Matsudaira's, *Oceanodroma matsudairae*
Polynesian, *Nesofregetta fuliginosa*
Ringed, *Hydrobates hornbyi*
Swinhoe's, *Hydrobates monorhis*
Townsend's, *Hydrobates socorroensis*
Tristram's, *Hydrobates tristrami*
Wedge-rumped, *Hydrobates tethys*
White-bellied, *Fregetta grallaria*
White-faced, *Pelagodroma marina*
Wilson's, *Oceanites oceanicus*
SURFBIRD, *Calidris virgata*
SWALLOW, Bahama, *Tachycineta cyaneoviridis*
Bank, *Riparia riparia*
Barn, *Hirundo rustica*
Cave, *Petrochelidon fulva*
Cliff, *Petrochelidon pyrrhonota*
Mangrove, *Tachycineta albilinea*

Northern Rough-winged, *Stelgidopteryx serripennis*
Tree, *Tachycineta bicolor*
Violet-green, *Tachycineta thalassina*
SWAMPHEN, Purple, *Porphyrio porphyrio*
SWAN, Trumpeter, *Cygnus buccinator*
Tundra, *Cygnus columbianus*
Whooper, *Cygnus cygnus*
SWIFT, Alpine, *Apus melba*
Black, *Cypseloides niger*
Chimney, *Chaetura pelagica*
Common, *Apus apus*
Fork-tailed, *Apus pacificus*
Short-tailed, *Chaetura brachyura*
Vaux's, *Chaetura vauxi*
White-collared, *Streptoprocne zonaris*
White-throated, *Aeronautes saxatalis*
SWIFTLLET, Mariana, *Aerodramus bartschi*
White-rumped, *Aerodramus spodiopygius*
TANAGER, Flame-colored, *Piranga bidentata*
Hepatic, *Piranga flava*
Puerto Rican, *Nesospingus speculariferus*
Scarlet, *Piranga olivacea*
Summer, *Piranga rubra*
Western, *Piranga ludoviciana*
TATTLER, Gray-tailed, *Tringa brevipes*
Wandering, *Tringa incana*
TEAL, Baikal, *Sibirionetta formosa*
Blue-winged, *Spatula discors*
Cinnamon, *Spatula cyanoptera*

Green-winged, *Anas crecca*
TERN, Aleutian, *Onychoprion aleuticus*
Arctic, *Sterna paradisaea*
Black, *Chlidonias niger*
Black-naped, *Sterna sumatrana*
Bridled, *Onychoprion anaethetus*
Caspian, *Hydroprogne caspia*
Common, *Sterna hirundo*
Elegant, *Thalasseus elegans*
Forster's, *Sterna forsteri*
Gray-backed, *Onychoprion lunatus*
Great Crested, *Thalasseus bergii*
Gull-billed, *Gelochelidon nilotica*
Large-billed, *Phaetusa simplex*
Least, *Sternula antillarum*
Little, *Sternula albifrons*
Roseate, *Sterna dougallii*
Royal, *Thalasseus maximus*
Sandwich, *Thalasseus sandvicensis*
Sooty, *Onychoprion fuscatus*
Whiskered, *Chlidonias hybrida*
White, *Gygis alba*
White-winged, *Chlidonias leucopterus*
THRASHER, Bendire's, *Toxostoma bendirei*
Brown, *Toxostoma rufum*
California, *Toxostoma redivivum*
Crissal, *Toxostoma crissale*
Curve-billed, *Toxostoma curvirostre*
LeConte's, *Toxostoma lecontei*

Long-billed, *Toxostoma longirostre*
Pearly-eyed, *Margarops fuscatus*
Sage, *Oreoscoptes montanus*
THRUSH, Aztec, *Ridgwayia pinicola*
Bicknell's, *Catharus bicknelli*
Clay-colored, *Turdus grayi*
Dusky, *Turdus naumanni*
Eyebrowed, *Turdus obscurus*
Gray-cheeked, *Catharus minimus*
Hermit, *Catharus guttatus*
Red-legged, *Turdus plumbeus*
Swainson's, *Catharus ustulatus*
Varied, *Ixoreus naevius*
White-throated, *Turdus assimilis*
Wood, *Hylocichla mustelina*
TIGER-HERON, Bare-throated, *Tigrisoma mexicanum*
TITMOUSE, Black-crested, *Baeolophus atricristatus*
Bridled, *Baeolophus wollweberi*
Juniper, *Baeolophus ridgwayi*
Oak, *Baeolophus inornatus*
Tufted, *Baeolophus bicolor*
TITYRA, Masked, *Tityra semifasciata*
TOWHEE, Abert's, *Melospiza aberti*
California, *Melospiza crissalis*
Canyon, *Melospiza fusca*
Eastern, *Pipilo erythrophthalmus*
Green-tailed, *Pipilo chlorurus*
Spotted, *Pipilo maculatus*
TROGON, Elegant, *Trogon elegans*

TROPICBIRD, Red-billed, *Phaethon aethereus*
Red-tailed, *Phaethon rubricauda*
White-tailed, *Phaethon lepturus*
TURNSTONE, Black, *Arenaria melanocephala*
Ruddy, *Arenaria interpres*
TURTLE-DOVE, Oriental, *Streptopelia orientalis*
VEERY, *Catharus fuscescens*
VERDIN, *Auriparus flaviceps*
VIOLETEAR, Mexican, *Colibri thalassinus*
VIREO, Bell's, *Vireo bellii*
Black-capped, *Vireo atricapilla*
Black-whiskered, *Vireo altiloquus*
Blue-headed, *Vireo solitarius*
Cassin's, *Vireo cassinii*
Cuban, *Vireo gundlachii*
Gray, *Vireo vicinior*
Hutton's, *Vireo huttoni*
Philadelphia, *Vireo philadelphicus*
Plumbeous, *Vireo plumbeus*
Puerto Rican, *Vireo latimeri*
Red-eyed, *Vireo olivaceus*
Thick-billed, *Vireo crassirostris*
Warbling, *Vireo gilvus*
White-eyed, *Vireo griseus*
Yellow-green, *Vireo flavoviridis*
Yellow-throated, *Vireo flavifrons*
Yucatan, *Vireo magister*
VULTURE, Black, *Coragyps atratus*
Turkey, *Cathartes aura*

WAGTAIL, Citrine, *Motacilla citreola*

Eastern Yellow, *Motacilla tschutschensis*

Gray, *Motacilla cinerea*

White, *Motacilla alba*

WARBLER, Adelaide's, *Setophaga adelaidae*

Aguiguan Reed, *Acrocephalus nijoi*

Arctic, *Phylloscopus borealis*

Bachman's, *Vermivora bachmanii*

Bay-breasted, *Setophaga castanea*

Black-and-white, *Mniotilta varia*

Blackburnian, *Setophaga fusca*

Blackpoll, *Setophaga striata*

Black-throated Blue, *Setophaga caerulescens*

Black-throated Gray, *Setophaga nigrescens*

Black-throated Green, *Setophaga virens*

Blue-winged, *Vermivora cyanoptera*

Blyth's Reed, *Acrocephalus dumetorum*

Canada, *Cardellina canadensis*

Cape May, *Setophaga tigrina*

Cerulean, *Setophaga cerulea*

Chestnut-sided, *Setophaga pensylvanica*

Colima, *Leiothlypis crissalis*

Connecticut, *Oporornis agilis*

Crescent-chested, *Oreothlypis superciliosa*

Dusky, *Phylloscopus fuscatus*

Elfin-woods, *Setophaga angelae*

Fan-tailed, *Basileuterus lachrymosus*

Golden-cheeked, *Setophaga chrysoparia*

Golden-crowned, *Basileuterus culicivorus*

Golden-winged, *Vermivora chrysoptera*
Grace's, *Setophaga graciae*
Hermit, *Setophaga occidentalis*
Hooded, *Setophaga citrina*
Kamchatka Leaf, *Phylloscopus examinandus*
Kentucky, *Geothlypis formosa*
Kirtland's, *Setophaga kirtlandii*
Lanceolated, *Locustella lanceolata*
Lucy's, *Leiothlypis luciae*
MacGillivray's, *Geothlypis tolmiei*
Magnolia, *Setophaga magnolia*
Mourning, *Geothlypis philadelphia*
Nashville, *Leiothlypis ruficapilla*
Nightingale Reed, *Acrocephalus luscinius*
Olive, *Peucedramus taeniatus*
Orange-crowned, *Leiothlypis celata*
Pagan Reed, *Acrocephalus yamashinae*
Pallas's Leaf, *Phylloscopus proregulus*
Palm, *Setophaga palmarum*
Pine, *Setophaga pinus*
Prairie, *Setophaga discolor*
Prothonotary, *Protonotaria citrea*
Red-faced, *Cardellina rubrifrons*
River, *Locustella fluviatilis*
Rufous-capped, *Basileuterus rufifrons*
Saipan Reed, *Acrocephalus hiwae*
Sedge, *Acrocephalus schoenobaenus*
Swainson's, *Limnothlypis swainsonii*
Tennessee, *Leiothlypis peregrina*

Thick-billed, *Arundinax aedon*
Townsend's, *Setophaga townsendi*
Virginia's, *Leiothlypis virginiae*
Willow, *Phylloscopus trochilus*
Wilson's, *Cardellina pusilla*
Wood, *Phylloscopus sibilatrix*
Worm-eating, *Helmitheros vermivorum*
Yellow, *Setophaga petechia*
Yellow-browed, *Phylloscopus inornatus*
Yellow-rumped, *Setophaga coronata*
Yellow-throated, *Setophaga dominica*
WATERTHRUSH, Louisiana, *Parkesia motacilla*
Northern, *Parkesia noveboracensis*
WAXWING, Bohemian, *Bombycilla garrulus*
Cedar, *Bombycilla cedrorum*
WHEATEAR, Northern, *Oenanthe oenanthe*
Pied, *Oenanthe pleschanka*
WHIMBREL, *Numenius phaeopus*
WHIP-POOR-WILL, Eastern, *Antrostomus vociferus*
Mexican, *Antrostomus arizonae*
WHISTLING-DUCK, Black-bellied, *Dendrocygna autumnalis*
Fulvous, *Dendrocygna bicolor*
West Indian, *Dendrocygna arborea*
WHITETHROAT, Lesser, *Sylvia curruca*
WIGEON, American, *Mareca americana*
Eurasian, *Mareca penelope*
WILLET, *Tringa semipalmata*
WOODCOCK, American, *Scolopax minor*
Eurasian, *Scolopax rusticola*

WOODPECKER, Acorn, *Melanerpes formicivorus*

American Three-toed, *Picoides dorsalis*

Arizona, *Dryobates arizonae*

Black-backed, *Picoides arcticus*

Downy, *Dryobates pubescens*

Gila, *Melanerpes uropygialis*

Golden-fronted, *Melanerpes aurifrons*

Great Spotted, *Dendrocopos major*

Hairy, *Dryobates villosus*

Ivory-billed, *Campephilus principalis*

Ladder-backed, *Dryobates scalaris*

Lewis's, *Melanerpes lewis*

Nuttall's, *Dryobates nuttallii*

Pileated, *Dryocopus pileatus*

Puerto Rican, *Melanerpes portoricensis*

Red-bellied, *Melanerpes carolinus*

Red-cockaded, *Dryobates borealis*

Red-headed, *Melanerpes erythrocephalus*

White-headed, *Dryobates albolarvatus*

WOOD-PEWEE, Eastern, *Contopus virens*

Western, *Contopus sordidulus*

WOOD-RAIL, Rufous-necked, *Aramides axillaris*

WOODSTAR, Bahama, *Nesophlox evelynae*

WREN, Bewick's, *Thryomanes bewickii*

Cactus, *Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus*

Canyon, *Catherpes mexicanus*

Carolina, *Thryothorus ludovicianus*

House, *Troglodytes aedon*

Marsh, *Cistothorus palustris*

Pacific, *Troglodytes pacificus*

Rock, *Salpinctes obsoletus*

Sedge, *Cistothorus platensis*

Sinaloa, *Thryophilus sinaloa*

Winter, *Troglodytes hiemalis*

WRENTIT, *Chamaea fasciata*

WRYNECK, Eurasian, *Jynx torquilla*

YELLOWLEGS, Greater, *Tringa melanoleuca*

Lesser, *Tringa flavipes*

YELLOWTHROAT, Common, *Geothlypis trichas*

Gray-crowned, *Geothlypis poliocephala*

(2) *Taxonomic listing*. Species are listed in phylogenetic sequence by scientific name, with the common (English) name following the scientific name. To help clarify species relationships, we also list the higher-level taxonomic categories of Order, Family, and Subfamily.

Order ANSERIFORMES

Family ANATIDAE

Subfamily DENDROCYGNINAE

Dendrocygna autumnalis, Black-bellied Whistling-Duck

Dendrocygna arborea, West Indian Whistling-Duck

Dendrocygna bicolor, Fulvous Whistling-Duck

Subfamily ANSERINAE

Anser canagicus, Emperor Goose

Anser caerulescens, Snow Goose

Anser rossii, Ross's Goose

Anser albifrons, Greater White-fronted Goose
Anser erythropus, Lesser White-fronted Goose
Anser fabalis, Taiga Bean-Goose
Anser serrirostris, Tundra Bean-Goose
Anser brachyrhynchus, Pink-footed Goose
Branta bernicla, Brant
Branta leucopsis, Barnacle Goose
Branta hutchinsii, Cackling Goose
Branta canadensis, Canada Goose
Branta sandvicensis, Hawaiian Goose
Cygnus buccinator, Trumpeter Swan
Cygnus columbianus, Tundra Swan
Cygnus cygnus, Whooper Swan

Subfamily ANATINAE

Cairina moschata, Muscovy Duck
Aix sponsa, Wood Duck
Sibirionetta formosa, Baikal Teal
Spatula querquedula, Garganey
Spatula discors, Blue-winged Teal
Spatula cyanoptera, Cinnamon Teal
Spatula clypeata, Northern Shoveler
Mareca strepera, Gadwall
Mareca falcata, Falcated Duck

Mareca penelope, Eurasian Wigeon
Mareca americana, American Wigeon
Anas laysanensis, Laysan Duck
Anas wyvilliana, Hawaiian Duck
Anas zonorhyncha, Eastern Spot-billed Duck
Anas platyrhynchos, Mallard
Anas rubripes, American Black Duck
Anas fulvigula, Mottled Duck
Anas superciliosa, Pacific Black Duck
Anas bahamensis, White-cheeked Pintail
Anas acuta, Northern Pintail
Anas crecca, Green-winged Teal
Aythya valisineria, Canvasback
Aythya americana, Redhead
Aythya ferina, Common Pochard
Aythya baeri, Baer's Pochard
Aythya collaris, Ring-necked Duck
Aythya fuligula, Tufted Duck
Aythya marila, Greater Scaup
Aythya affinis, Lesser Scaup
Polysticta stelleri, Steller's Eider
Somateria fischeri, Spectacled Eider
Somateria spectabilis, King Eider

Somateria mollissima, Common Eider
Histrionicus histrionicus, Harlequin Duck
Melanitta perspicillata, Surf Scoter
Melanitta deglandi, White-winged Scoter
Melanitta stejnegeri, Stejneger's Scoter
Melanitta nigra, Common Scoter
Melanitta americana, Black Scoter
Clangula hyemalis, Long-tailed Duck
Bucephala albeola, Bufflehead
Bucephala clangula, Common Goldeneye
Bucephala islandica, Barrow's Goldeneye
Mergellus albellus, Smew
Lophodytes cucullatus, Hooded Merganser
Mergus merganser, Common Merganser
Mergus serrator, Red-breasted Merganser
Nomonyx dominicus, Masked Duck
Oxyura jamaicensis, Ruddy Duck

Order PHOENICOPTERIFORMES

Family PHOENICOPTERIDAE

Phoenicopterus ruber, American Flamingo

Order PODICIPEDIFORMES

Family PODICIPEDIDAE

Tachybaptus dominicus, Least Grebe

Podilymbus podiceps, Pied-billed Grebe

Podiceps auritus, Horned Grebe

Podiceps grisegena, Red-necked Grebe

Podiceps nigricollis, Eared Grebe

Aechmophorus occidentalis, Western Grebe

Aechmophorus clarkii, Clark's Grebe

Order COLUMBIFORMES

Family COLUMBIDAE

Patagioenas squamosa, Scaly-naped Pigeon

Patagioenas leucocephala, White-crowned Pigeon

Patagioenas flavirostris, Red-billed Pigeon

Patagioenas inornata, Plain Pigeon

Patagioenas fasciata, Band-tailed Pigeon

Streptopelia orientalis, Oriental Turtle-Dove

Alopecoenas xanthonurus, White-throated Ground-Dove

Alopecoenas stairi, Shy Ground-Dove

Columbina inca, Inca Dove

Columbina passerina, Common Ground Dove

Columbina talpacoti, Ruddy Ground Dove

Geotrygon montana, Ruddy Quail-Dove

Geotrygon chrysia, Key West Quail-Dove

Geotrygon mystacea, Bridled Quail-Dove

Leptotila verreauxi, White-tipped Dove

Zenaida asiatica, White-winged Dove

Zenaida aurita, Zenaida Dove

Zenaida macroura, Mourning Dove

Ptilinopus perousii, Many-colored Fruit-Dove

Ptilinopus porphyraceus, Crimson-crowned Fruit-Dove

Ptilinopus roseicapilla, Mariana Fruit-Dove

Ducula pacifica, Pacific Imperial-Pigeon

Order CUCULIFORMES

Family CUCULIDAE

Subfamily CROTOPHAGINAE

Crotophaga ani, Smooth-billed Ani

Crotophaga sulcirostris, Groove-billed Ani

Subfamily NEOMORPHINAE

Geococcyx californianus, Greater Roadrunner

Subfamily CUCULINAE

Urodynamis taitensis, Long-tailed Koel

Hierococcyx nisicolor, Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo

Cuculus canorus, Common Cuckoo

Cuculus optatus, Oriental Cuckoo

Coccyzus americanus, Yellow-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus minor, Mangrove Cuckoo

Coccyzus erythrophthalmus, Black-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus vieilloti, Puerto Rican Lizard-Cuckoo

Order CAPRIMULGIFORMES

Family CAPRIMULGIDAE

Subfamily CHORDEILINAE

Chordeiles acutipennis, Lesser Nighthawk

Chordeiles minor, Common Nighthawk

Chordeiles gundlachii, Antillean Nighthawk

Subfamily CAPRIMULGINAE

Nyctidromus albicollis, Common Pauraque

Phalaenoptilus nuttallii, Common Poorwill

Antrostomus carolinensis, Chuck-will's-widow

Antrostomus ridgwayi, Buff-collared Nightjar

Antrostomus vociferus, Eastern Whip-poor-will

Antrostomus arizonae, Mexican Whip-poor-will

Antrostomus noctitherus, Puerto Rican Nightjar

Hydropsalis cayennensis, White-tailed Nightjar

Caprimulgus jotaka, Gray Nightjar

Order APODIFORMES

Family APODIDAE

Subfamily CYPSELOIDINAE

Cypseloides niger, Black Swift

Streptoprocne zonaris, White-collared Swift

Subfamily CHAETURINAE

Chaetura pelagica, Chimney Swift

Chaetura vauxi, Vaux's Swift

Chaetura brachyura, Short-tailed Swift

Hirundapus caudacutus, White-throated Needletail

Aerodramus spodiopygius, White-rumped Swiftlet

Aerodramus bartschi, Mariana Swiftlet

Subfamily APODINAE

Apus apus, Common Swift

Apus pacificus, Fork-tailed Swift

Apus melba, Alpine Swift

Aeronautes saxatalis, White-throated Swift

Tachornis phoenicobia, Antillean Palm-Swift

Family TROCHILIDAE

Subfamily TROCHILINAE

Colibri thalassinus, Mexican Violetear

Anthracothorax prevostii, Green-breasted Mango

Anthracothorax dominicus, Antillean Mango

Anthracothorax viridis, Green Mango

Eulampis jugularis, Purple-throated Carib

Eulampis holosericeus, Green-throated Carib

Eugenes fulgens, Rivoli's Hummingbird

Heliomaster constantii, Plain-capped Starthroat

Lampornis amethystinus, Amethyst-throated Mountain-gem

Lampornis clemenciae, Blue-throated Mountain-gem

Calothorax lucifer, Lucifer Hummingbird
Archilochus colubris, Ruby-throated Hummingbird
Archilochus alexandri, Black-chinned Hummingbird
Mellisuga minima, Vervain Hummingbird
Nesophlox evelynae, Bahama Woodstar
Calypte anna, Anna's Hummingbird
Calypte costae, Costa's Hummingbird
Atthis heloisa, Bumblebee Hummingbird
Selasphorus platycercus, Broad-tailed Hummingbird
Selasphorus rufus, Rufous Hummingbird
Selasphorus sasin, Allen's Hummingbird
Selasphorus calliope, Calliope Hummingbird
Chlorostilbon maugaeus, Puerto Rican Emerald
Cyananthus latirostris, Broad-billed Hummingbird
Orthorhyncus cristatus, Antillean Crested Hummingbird
Amazilia beryllina, Berylline Hummingbird
Amazilia yucatanensis, Buff-bellied Hummingbird
Amazilia rutila, Cinnamon Hummingbird
Amazilia violiceps, Violet-crowned Hummingbird
Hylocharis leucotis, White-eared Hummingbird
Hylocharis xantusii, Xantus's Hummingbird

Order GRUIFORMES

Family RALLIDAE

Coturnicops noveboracensis, Yellow Rail
Laterallus jamaicensis, Black Rail
Gallirallus philippensis, Buff-banded Rail
Gallirallus owstoni, Guam Rail
Crex crex, Corn Crake
Rallus obsoletus, Ridgway's Rail
Rallus crepitans, Clapper Rail
Rallus elegans, King Rail
Rallus limicola, Virginia Rail
Aramides axillaris, Rufous-necked Wood-Rail
Porzana carolina, Sora
Porzana tabuensis, Spotless Crake
Hapalocrex flaviventer, Yellow-breasted Crake
Neocrex erythrops, Paint-billed Crake
Pardirallus maculatus, Spotted Rail
Porphyrio martinicus, Purple Gallinule
Porphyrio flavirostris, Azure Gallinule
Porphyrio porphyrio, Purple Swamphen
Gallinula galeata, Common Gallinule
Gallinula chloropus, Common Moorhen
Fulica atra, Eurasian Coot
Fulica alai, Hawaiian Coot
Fulica americana, American Coot

Family ARAMIDAE

Aramus guarauna, Limpkin

Family GRUIDAE

Subfamily GRUINAE

Antigone canadensis, Sandhill Crane

Grus grus, Common Crane

Grus americana, Whooping Crane

Order CHARADRIIFORMES

Family RECURVIROSTRIDAE

Himantopus himantopus, Black-winged Stilt

Himantopus mexicanus, Black-necked Stilt

Recurvirostra americana, American Avocet

Family HAEMATOPODIDAE

Haematopus ostralegus, Eurasian Oystercatcher

Haematopus palliatus, American Oystercatcher

Haematopus bachmani, Black Oystercatcher

Family CHARADRIIDAE

Subfamily VANELLINAE

Vanellus vanellus, Northern Lapwing

Subfamily CHARADRIINAE

Pluvialis squatarola, Black-bellied Plover

Pluvialis apricaria, European Golden-Plover

Pluvialis dominica, American Golden-Plover

Pluvialis fulva, Pacific Golden-Plover
Charadrius morinellus, Eurasian Dotterel
Charadrius vociferus, Killdeer
Charadrius hiaticula, Common Ringed Plover
Charadrius semipalmatus, Semipalmated Plover
Charadrius melodus, Piping Plover
Charadrius dubius, Little Ringed Plover
Charadrius mongolus, Lesser Sand-Plover
Charadrius leschenaultii, Greater Sand-Plover
Charadrius wilsonia, Wilson's Plover
Charadrius collaris, Collared Plover
Charadrius montanus, Mountain Plover
Charadrius alexandrinus, Kentish Plover
Charadrius nivosus, Snowy Plover

Family JACANIDAE

Jacana spinosa, Northern Jacana

Family SCOLOPACIDAE

Subfamily NUMENIINAE

Bartramia longicauda, Upland Sandpiper
Numenius tahitiensis, Bristle-thighed Curlew
Numenius phaeopus, Whimbrel
Numenius minutus, Little Curlew
Numenius borealis, Eskimo Curlew

Numenius americanus, Long-billed Curlew

Numenius madagascariensis, Far Eastern Curlew

Numenius arquata, Eurasian Curlew

Subfamily LIMOSINAE

Limosa lapponica, Bar-tailed Godwit

Limosa limosa, Black-tailed Godwit

Limosa haemastica, Hudsonian Godwit

Limosa fedoa, Marbled Godwit

Subfamily ARENARIINAE

Arenaria interpres, Ruddy Turnstone

Arenaria melanocephala, Black Turnstone

Calidris tenuirostris, Great Knot

Calidris canutus, Red Knot

Calidris virgata, Surfbird

Calidris pugnax, Ruff

Calidris falcinellus, Broad-billed Sandpiper

Calidris acuminata, Sharp-tailed Sandpiper

Calidris himantopus, Stilt Sandpiper

Calidris ferruginea, Curlew Sandpiper

Calidris temminckii, Temminck's Stint

Calidris subminuta, Long-toed Stint

Calidris pygmea, Spoon-billed Sandpiper

Calidris ruficollis, Red-necked Stint

Calidris alba, Sanderling

Calidris alpina, Dunlin

Calidris ptilocnemis, Rock Sandpiper

Calidris maritima, Purple Sandpiper

Calidris bairdii, Baird's Sandpiper

Calidris minuta, Little Stint

Calidris minutilla, Least Sandpiper

Calidris fuscicollis, White-rumped Sandpiper

Calidris subruficollis, Buff-breasted Sandpiper

Calidris melanotos, Pectoral Sandpiper

Calidris pusilla, Semipalmated Sandpiper

Calidris mauri, Western Sandpiper

Subfamily SCOLOPACINAE

Limnodromus griseus, Short-billed Dowitcher

Limnodromus scolopaceus, Long-billed Dowitcher

Lymnocyptes minimus, Jack Snipe

Scolopax rusticola, Eurasian Woodcock

Scolopax minor, American Woodcock

Gallinago solitaria, Solitary Snipe

Gallinago stenura, Pin-tailed Snipe

Gallinago megala, Swinhoe's Snipe

Gallinago gallinago, Common Snipe

Gallinago delicata, Wilson's Snipe

Subfamily TRINGINAE

Xenus cinereus, Terek Sandpiper

Actitis hypoleucos, Common Sandpiper

Actitis macularius, Spotted Sandpiper

Tringa ochropus, Green Sandpiper

Tringa solitaria, Solitary Sandpiper

Tringa brevipes, Gray-tailed Tattler

Tringa incana, Wandering Tattler

Tringa flavipes, Lesser Yellowlegs

Tringa semipalmata, Willet

Tringa erythropus, Spotted Redshank

Tringa nebularia, Common Greenshank

Tringa guttifer, Nordmann's Greenshank

Tringa melanoleuca, Greater Yellowlegs

Tringa totanus, Common Redshank

Tringa glareola, Wood Sandpiper

Tringa stagnatilis, Marsh Sandpiper

Phalaropus tricolor, Wilson's Phalarope

Phalaropus lobatus, Red-necked Phalarope

Phalaropus fulicarius, Red Phalarope

Family STERCORARIIDAE

Stercorarius skua, Great Skua

Stercorarius maccormicki, South Polar Skua

Stercorarius pomarinus, Pomarine Jaeger

Stercorarius parasiticus, Parasitic Jaeger

Stercorarius longicaudus, Long-tailed Jaeger

Family ALCIDAE

Alle alle, Dovekie

Uria aalge, Common Murre

Uria lomvia, Thick-billed Murre

Alca torda, Razorbill

Cepphus grylle, Black Guillemot

Cepphus columba, Pigeon Guillemot

Brachyramphus perdix, Long-billed Murrelet

Brachyramphus marmoratus, Marbled Murrelet

Brachyramphus brevirostris, Kittlitz's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus scrippsi, Scripps's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus hypoleucus, Guadalupe Murrelet

Synthliboramphus craveri, Craveri's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus antiquus, Ancient Murrelet

Ptychoramphus aleuticus, Cassin's Auklet

Aethia psittacula, Parakeet Auklet

Aethia pusilla, Least Auklet

Aethia pygmaea, Whiskered Auklet

Aethia cristatella, Crested Auklet

Cerorhinca monocerata, Rhinoceros Auklet

Fratercula arctica, Atlantic Puffin

Fratercula corniculata, Horned Puffin

Fratercula cirrhata, Tufted Puffin

Family LARIDAE

Subfamily LARINAE

Creagrus furcatus, Swallow-tailed Gull

Rissa tridactyla, Black-legged Kittiwake

Rissa brevirostris, Red-legged Kittiwake

Pagophila eburnea, Ivory Gull

Xema sabini, Sabine's Gull

Chroicocephalus philadelphia, Bonaparte's Gull

Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus, Gray-hooded Gull

Chroicocephalus ridibundus, Black-headed Gull

Hydrocoloeus minutus, Little Gull

Rhodostethia rosea, Ross's Gull

Leucophaeus atricilla, Laughing Gull

Leucophaeus pipixcan, Franklin's Gull

Larus belcheri, Belcher's Gull

Larus crassirostris, Black-tailed Gull

Larus heermanni, Heermann's Gull

Larus canus, Mew Gull

Larus delawarensis, Ring-billed Gull

Larus occidentalis, Western Gull

Larus livens, Yellow-footed Gull
Larus californicus, California Gull
Larus argentatus, Herring Gull
Larus michahellis, Yellow-legged Gull
Larus glaucoides, Iceland Gull
Larus fuscus, Lesser Black-backed Gull
Larus schistisagus, Slaty-backed Gull
Larus glaucescens, Glaucous-winged Gull
Larus hyperboreus, Glaucous Gull
Larus marinus, Great Black-backed Gull
Larus dominicanus, Kelp Gull

Subfamily STERNINAE

Anous stolidus, Brown Noddy
Anous minutus, Black Noddy
Anous ceruleus, Blue-gray Noddy
Gygis alba, White Tern
Onychoprion fuscatus, Sooty Tern
Onychoprion lunatus, Gray-backed Tern
Onychoprion anaethetus, Bridled Tern
Onychoprion aleuticus, Aleutian Tern
Sternula albifrons, Little Tern
Sternula antillarum, Least Tern
Phaetusa simplex, Large-billed Tern

Gelochelidon nilotica, Gull-billed Tern

Hydroprogne caspia, Caspian Tern

Chlidonias niger, Black Tern

Chlidonias leucopterus, White-winged Tern

Chlidonias hybrida, Whiskered Tern

Sterna dougallii, Roseate Tern

Sterna sumatrana, Black-naped Tern

Sterna hirundo, Common Tern

Sterna paradisaea, Arctic Tern

Sterna forsteri, Forster's Tern

Thalasseus maximus, Royal Tern

Thalasseus bergii, Great Crested Tern

Thalasseus sandvicensis, Sandwich Tern

Thalasseus elegans, Elegant Tern

Subfamily RYNCHOPINAE

Rynchops niger, Black Skimmer

Order PHAETHONTIFORMES

Family PHAETHONTIDAE

Phaethon lepturus, White-tailed Tropicbird

Phaethon aethereus, Red-billed Tropicbird

Phaethon rubricauda, Red-tailed Tropicbird

Order GAVIIFORMES

Family GAVIIDAE

Gavia stellata, Red-throated Loon

Gavia arctica, Arctic Loon

Gavia pacifica, Pacific Loon

Gavia immer, Common Loon

Gavia adamsii, Yellow-billed Loon

Order PROCELLARIIFORMES

Family DIOMEDEIDAE

Thalassarche chlororhynchos, Yellow-nosed Albatross

Thalassarche cauta, White-capped Albatross

Thalassarche eremita, Chatham Albatross

Thalassarche salvini, Salvin's Albatross

Thalassarche melanophris, Black-browed Albatross

Phoebastria palpebrata, Light-mantled Albatross

Diomedea exulans, Wandering Albatross

Phoebastria immutabilis, Laysan Albatross

Phoebastria nigripes, Black-footed Albatross

Phoebastria albatrus, Short-tailed Albatross

Family OCEANITIDAE

Oceanites oceanicus, Wilson's Storm-Petrel

Pelagodroma marina, White-faced Storm-Petrel

Fregatta tropica, Black-bellied Storm-Petrel

Family HYDROBATIDAE

Hydrobates pelagicus, European Storm-Petrel

Fregatta grallaria, White-bellied Storm-Petrel
Nesofregatta fuliginosa, Polynesian Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates furcatus, Fork-tailed Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates hornbyi, Ringed Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates monorhis, Swinhoe's Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates leucorhous, Leach's Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates socorroensis, Townsend's Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates homochroa, Ashy Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates castro, Band-rumped Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates tethys, Wedge-rumped Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma matsudairae, Matsudaira's Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates melania, Black Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates tristrami, Tristram's Storm-Petrel
Hydrobates microsoma, Least Storm-Petrel

Family PROCELLARIIDAE

Fulmarus glacialis, Northern Fulmar
Pterodroma gouldi, Gray-faced Petrel
Pterodroma solandri, Providence Petrel
Pterodroma neglecta, Kermadec Petrel
Pterodroma arminjoniana, Trindade Petrel
Pterodroma heraldica, Herald Petrel
Pterodroma ultima, Murphy's Petrel
Pterodroma inexpectata, Mottled Petrel

Pterodroma cahow, Bermuda Petrel
Pterodroma hasitata, Black-capped Petrel
Pterodroma externa, Juan Fernandez Petrel
Pterodroma sandwichensis, Hawaiian Petrel
Pterodroma cervicalis, White-necked Petrel
Pterodroma hypoleuca, Bonin Petrel
Pterodroma nigripennis, Black-winged Petrel
Pterodroma feae, Fea's Petrel
Pterodroma madeira, Zino's Petrel
Pterodroma cookii, Cook's Petrel
Pterodroma longirostris, Stejneger's Petrel
Pterodroma alba, Phoenix Petrel
Pterodroma leucoptera, Gould's Petrel
Pseudobulweria rostrata, Tahiti Petrel
Bulweria bulwerii, Bulwer's Petrel
Bulweria fallax, Jouanin's Petrel
Procellaria aequinoctialis, White-chinned Petrel
Procellaria parkinsoni, Parkinson's Petrel
Calonectris leucomelas, Streaked Shearwater
Calonectris diomedea, Cory's Shearwater
Calonectris edwardsii, Cape Verde Shearwater
Ardenna pacifica, Wedge-tailed Shearwater
Ardenna bulleri, Buller's Shearwater

Ardenna tenuirostris, Short-tailed Shearwater

Ardenna grisea, Sooty Shearwater

Ardenna gravis, Great Shearwater

Ardenna creatopus, Pink-footed Shearwater

Ardenna carneipes, Flesh-footed Shearwater

Puffinus nativitatis, Christmas Shearwater

Puffinus puffinus, Manx Shearwater

Puffinus newelli, Newell's Shearwater

Puffinus bryani, Bryan's Shearwater

Puffinus opisthomelas, Black-vented Shearwater

Puffinus lherminieri, Audubon's Shearwater

Puffinus baroli, Barolo Shearwater

Order CICONIIFORMES

Family CICONIIDAE

Jabiru mycteria, Jabiru

Mycteria americana, Wood Stork

Order SULIFORMES

Family FREGATIDAE

Fregata ariel, Lesser Frigatebird

Fregata magnificens, Magnificent Frigatebird

Fregata minor, Great Frigatebird

Family SULIDAE

Sula dactylatra, Masked Booby

Sula granti, Nazca Booby

Sula nebouxii, Blue-footed Booby

Sula leucogaster, Brown Booby

Sula sula, Red-footed Booby

Papasula abbotti, Abbott's Booby

Morus bassanus, Northern Gannet

Family PHALACROCORACIDAE

Phalacrocorax melanoleucos, Little Pied Cormorant

Phalacrocorax penicillatus, Brandt's Cormorant

Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Neotropic Cormorant

Phalacrocorax auritus, Double-crested Cormorant

Phalacrocorax carbo, Great Cormorant

Phalacrocorax urile, Red-faced Cormorant

Phalacrocorax pelagicus, Pelagic Cormorant

Family ANHINGIDAE

Anhinga anhinga, Anhinga

Order PELECANIFORMES

Family PELECANIDAE

Pelecanus erythrorhynchos, American White Pelican

Pelecanus occidentalis, Brown Pelican

Family ARDEIDAE

Botaurus lentiginosus, American Bittern

Ixobrychus sinensis, Yellow Bittern

Ixobrychus exilis, Least Bittern
Ixobrychus eurhythmus, Schrenck's Bittern
Ixobrychus flavicollis, Black Bittern
Tigrisoma mexicanum, Bare-throated Tiger-Heron
Ardea herodias, Great Blue Heron
Ardea cinerea, Gray Heron
Ardea alba, Great Egret
Ardea intermedia, Intermediate Egret
Egretta eulophotes, Chinese Egret
Egretta garzetta, Little Egret
Egretta sacra, Pacific Reef-Heron
Egretta gularis, Western Reef-Heron
Egretta thula, Snowy Egret
Egretta caerulea, Little Blue Heron
Egretta tricolor, Tricolored Heron
Egretta rufescens, Reddish Egret
Bubulcus ibis, Cattle Egret
Ardeola bacchus, Chinese Pond-Heron
Butorides virescens, Green Heron
Nycticorax nycticorax, Black-crowned Night-Heron
Nycticorax caledonicus, Rufous Night-Heron
Nyctanassa violacea, Yellow-crowned Night-Heron
Gorsachius goisagi, Japanese Night-Heron

Gorsachius melanolophus, Malayan Night-Heron

Family THRESKIORNITHIDAE

Subfamily THRESKIORNITHINAE

Eudocimus albus, White Ibis

Eudocimus ruber, Scarlet Ibis

Plegadis falcinellus, Glossy Ibis

Plegadis chihi, White-faced Ibis

Subfamily PLATALEINAE

Platalea ajaja, Roseate Spoonbill

Order CARTHARTIFORMES

Family CATHARTIDAE

Coragyps atratus, Black Vulture

Cathartes aura, Turkey Vulture

Gymnogyps californianus, California Condor

Order ACCIPITRIFORMES

Family PANDIONIDAE

Pandion haliaetus, Osprey

Family ACCIPITRIDAE

Subfamily ELANINAE

Elanus leucurus, White-tailed Kite

Subfamily GYPAETINAE

Chondrohierax uncinatus, Hook-billed Kite

Elanoides forficatus, Swallow-tailed Kite

Subfamily ACCIPITRINAE

- Aquila chrysaetos*, Golden Eagle
- Harpagus bidentatus*, Double-toothed Kite
- Circus spilonotus*, Eastern Marsh-Harrier
- Circus hudsonius*, Northern Harrier
- Accipiter soloensis*, Chinese Sparrowhawk
- Accipiter gularis*, Japanese Sparrowhawk
- Accipiter striatus*, Sharp-shinned Hawk
- Accipiter cooperii*, Cooper's Hawk
- Accipiter gentilis*, Northern Goshawk
- Milvus migrans*, Black Kite
- Haliaeetus leucocephalus*, Bald Eagle
- Haliaeetus albicilla*, White-tailed Eagle
- Haliaeetus pelagicus*, Steller's Sea-Eagle
- Ictinia mississippiensis*, Mississippi Kite
- Butastur indicus*, Gray-faced Buzzard
- Geranospiza caerulescens*, Crane Hawk
- Rostrhamus sociabilis*, Snail Kite
- Buteogallus anthracinus*, Common Black Hawk
- Buteogallus urubitinga*, Great Black Hawk
- Rupornis magnirostris*, Roadside Hawk
- Parabuteo unicinctus*, Harris's Hawk
- Geranoaetus albicaudatus*, White-tailed Hawk

Buteo plagiatus, Gray Hawk

Buteo lineatus, Red-shouldered Hawk

Buteo platypterus, Broad-winged Hawk

Buteo solitarius, Hawaiian Hawk

Buteo brachyurus, Short-tailed Hawk

Buteo swainsoni, Swainson's Hawk

Buteo albonotatus, Zone-tailed Hawk

Buteo jamaicensis, Red-tailed Hawk

Buteo lagopus, Rough-legged Hawk

Buteo regalis, Ferruginous Hawk

Order STRIGIFORMES

Family TYTONIDAE

Tyto alba, Barn Owl

Family STRIGIDAE

Otus sunia, Oriental Scops-Owl

Psiloscops flammeolus, Flammulated Owl

Megascops kennicottii, Western Screech-Owl

Megascops asio, Eastern Screech-Owl

Megascops trichopsis, Whiskered Screech-Owl

Megascops nudipes, Puerto Rican Screech-Owl

Bubo virginianus, Great Horned Owl

Bubo scandiacus, Snowy Owl

Surnia ulula, Northern Hawk Owl

Glaucidium gnoma, Northern Pygmy-Owl

Glaucidium brasilianum, Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl

Micrathene whitneyi, Elf Owl

Athene cunicularia, Burrowing Owl

Ciccaba virgata, Mottled Owl

Strix occidentalis, Spotted Owl

Strix varia, Barred Owl

Strix nebulosa, Great Gray Owl

Asio otus, Long-eared Owl

Asio stygius, Stygian Owl

Asio flammeus, Short-eared Owl

Aegolius funereus, Boreal Owl

Aegolius acadicus, Northern Saw-whet Owl

Ninox japonica, Northern Boobook

Order TROGONIFORMES

Family TROGONIDAE

Subfamily TROGONINAE

Trogon elegans, Elegant Trogon

Euptilotis neoxenus, Eared Quetzal

Order UPUPIFORMES

Family UPUPIDAE

Upupa epops, Eurasian Hoopoe

Order CORACIIFORMES

Family ALCEDINIDAE

Subfamily ALCEDININAE

Alcedo atthis, Common Kingfisher

Subfamily HALCYONINAE

Todiramphus sacer, Pacific Kingfisher

Todiramphus cinnamominus, Guam Kingfisher

Todiramphus albicilla, Mariana Kingfisher

Subfamily CERYLINAЕ

Megaceryle torquata, Ringed Kingfisher

Megaceryle alcyon, Belted Kingfisher

Chloroceryle amazona, Amazon Kingfisher

Chloroceryle americana, Green Kingfisher

Order PICIFORMES

Family PICIDAE

Subfamily JYNGINAE

Jynx torquilla, Eurasian Wryneck

Subfamily PICINAE

Melanerpes lewis, Lewis's Woodpecker

Melanerpes portoricensis, Puerto Rican Woodpecker

Melanerpes erythrocephalus, Red-headed Woodpecker

Melanerpes formicivorus, Acorn Woodpecker

Melanerpes uropygialis, Gila Woodpecker

Melanerpes aurifrons, Golden-fronted Woodpecker

Melanerpes carolinus, Red-bellied Woodpecker
Sphyrapicus thyroideus, Williamson's Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus varius, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Red-naped Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus ruber, Red-breasted Sapsucker
Picoides dorsalis, American Three-toed Woodpecker
Picoides arcticus, Black-backed Woodpecker
Dendrocopos major, Great Spotted Woodpecker
Dryobates pubescens, Downy Woodpecker
Dryobates nuttallii, Nuttall's Woodpecker
Dryobates scalaris, Ladder-backed Woodpecker
Dryobates borealis, Red-cockaded Woodpecker
Dryobates villosus, Hairy Woodpecker
Dryobates albolarvatus, White-headed Woodpecker
Dryobates arizonae, Arizona Woodpecker
Colaptes auratus, Northern Flicker
Colaptes chrysoides, Gilded Flicker
Dryocopus pileatus, Pileated Woodpecker
Campephilus principalis, Ivory-billed Woodpecker

Order FALCONIFORMES

Family FALCONIDAE

Subfamily HERPETOTHERINAE

Micrastur semitorquatus, Collared Forest-Falcon

Subfamily FALCONINAE

Caracara cheriway, Crested Caracara

Falco tinnunculus, Eurasian Kestrel

Falco sparverius, American Kestrel

Falco vespertinus, Red-footed Falcon

Falco amurensis, Amur Falcon

Falco columbarius, Merlin

Falco subbuteo, Eurasian Hobby

Falco femoralis, Aplomado Falcon

Falco rusticolus, Gyrfalcon

Falco peregrinus, Peregrine Falcon

Falco mexicanus, Prairie Falcon

Order PASSERIFORMES

Family TITYRIDAE

Tityra semifasciata, Masked Tityra

Pachyramphus major, Gray-collared Becard

Pachyramphus aglaiae, Rose-throated Becard

Family TYRANNIDAE

Subfamily ELAENIINAE

Camptostoma imberbe, Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet

Myiopagis viridicata, Greenish Elaenia

Elaenia martinica, Caribbean Elaenia

Elaenia albiceps, White-crested Elaenia

Subfamily FLUVICOLINAE

- Mitrephanes phaeocercus*, Tufted Flycatcher
- Contopus cooperi*, Olive-sided Flycatcher
- Contopus pertinax*, Greater Pewee
- Contopus sordidulus*, Western Wood-Pewee
- Contopus virens*, Eastern Wood-Pewee
- Contopus caribaeus*, Cuban Pewee
- Contopus hispaniolensis*, Hispaniolan Pewee
- Contopus latirostris*, Lesser Antillean Pewee
- Empidonax flaviventris*, Yellow-bellied Flycatcher
- Empidonax virescens*, Acadian Flycatcher
- Empidonax alnorum*, Alder Flycatcher
- Empidonax traillii*, Willow Flycatcher
- Empidonax minimus*, Least Flycatcher
- Empidonax hammondii*, Hammond's Flycatcher
- Empidonax wrightii*, Gray Flycatcher
- Empidonax oberholseri*, Dusky Flycatcher
- Empidonax affinis*, Pine Flycatcher
- Empidonax difficilis*, Pacific-slope Flycatcher
- Empidonax occidentalis*, Cordilleran Flycatcher
- Empidonax fulvifrons*, Buff-breasted Flycatcher
- Sayornis nigricans*, Black Phoebe
- Sayornis phoebe*, Eastern Phoebe

Sayornis saya, Say's Phoebe

Pyrocephalus rubinus, Vermilion Flycatcher

Subfamily TYRANNINAE

Myiarchus tuberculifer, Dusky-capped Flycatcher

Myiarchus cinerascens, Ash-throated Flycatcher

Myiarchus nuttingi, Nutting's Flycatcher

Myiarchus crinitus, Great Crested Flycatcher

Myiarchus tyrannulus, Brown-crested Flycatcher

Myiarchus sagrae, La Sagra's Flycatcher

Myiarchus antillarum, Puerto Rican Flycatcher

Pitangus sulphuratus, Great Kiskadee

Myiozetetes similis, Social Flycatcher

Myiodynastes luteiventris, Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher

Legatus leucophaeus, Piratic Flycatcher

Empidonomus varius, Variegated Flycatcher

Empidonomus aurantioatrocristatus, Crowned Slaty Flycatcher

Tyrannus melancholicus, Tropical Kingbird

Tyrannus couchii, Couch's Kingbird

Tyrannus vociferans, Cassin's Kingbird

Tyrannus crassirostris, Thick-billed Kingbird

Tyrannus verticalis, Western Kingbird

Tyrannus tyrannus, Eastern Kingbird

Tyrannus dominicensis, Gray Kingbird

Tyrannus caudifasciatus, Loggerhead Kingbird

Tyrannus forficatus, Scissor-tailed Flycatcher

Tyrannus savana, Fork-tailed Flycatcher

Family LANIIDAE

Lanius cristatus, Brown Shrike

Lanius ludovicianus, Loggerhead Shrike

Lanius borealis, Northern Shrike

Family VIREONIDAE

Vireo atricapilla, Black-capped Vireo

Vireo griseus, White-eyed Vireo

Vireo crassirostris, Thick-billed Vireo

Vireo latimeri, Puerto Rican Vireo

Vireo gundlachii, Cuban Vireo

Vireo bellii, Bell's Vireo

Vireo vicinior, Gray Vireo

Vireo huttoni, Hutton's Vireo

Vireo flavifrons, Yellow-throated Vireo

Vireo cassinii, Cassin's Vireo

Vireo solitarius, Blue-headed Vireo

Vireo plumbeus, Plumbeous Vireo

Vireo philadelphicus, Philadelphia Vireo

Vireo gilvus, Warbling Vireo

Vireo olivaceus, Red-eyed Vireo

Vireo flavoviridis, Yellow-green Vireo

Vireo altiloquus, Black-whiskered Vireo

Vireo magister, Yucatan Vireo

Family CORVIDAE

Perisoreus canadensis, Canada Jay

Psilorhinus morio, Brown Jay

Cyanocorax yncas, Green Jay

Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus, Pinyon Jay

Cyanocitta stelleri, Steller's Jay

Cyanocitta cristata, Blue Jay

Aphelocoma coerulescens, Florida Scrub-Jay

Aphelocoma insularis, Island Scrub-Jay

Aphelocoma californica, California Scrub-Jay

Aphelocoma woodhouseii, Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay

Aphelocoma wollweberi, Mexican Jay

Nucifraga columbiana, Clark's Nutcracker

Pica hudsonia, Black-billed Magpie

Pica nuttalli, Yellow-billed Magpie

Corvus monedula, Eurasian Jackdaw

Corvus kubaryi, Mariana Crow

Corvus brachyrhynchos, American Crow

Corvus caurinus, Northwestern Crow

Corvus leucognaphalus, White-necked Crow

Corvus imparatus, Tamaulipas Crow

Corvus ossifragus, Fish Crow

Corvus hawaiiensis, Hawaiian Crow

Corvus cryptoleucus, Chihuahuan Raven

Corvus corax, Common Raven

Family ALAUDIDAE

Alda arvensis, Eurasian Skylark

Eremophila alpestris, Horned Lark

Family HIRUNDINIDAE

Subfamily HIRUNDININAE

Riparia riparia, Bank Swallow

Tachycineta bicolor, Tree Swallow

Tachycineta cyaneoviridis, Bahama Swallow

Tachycineta thalassina, Violet-green Swallow

Tachycineta albilinea, Mangrove Swallow

Stelgidopteryx serripennis, Northern Rough-winged Swallow

Progne tapera, Brown-chested Martin

Progne dominicensis, Caribbean Martin

Progne subis, Purple Martin

Progne cryptoleuca, Cuban Martin

Progne chalybea, Gray-breasted Martin

Progne elegans, Southern Martin

Hirundo rustica, Barn Swallow

Delichon urbicum, Common House-Martin

Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Cliff Swallow

Petrochelidon fulva, Cave Swallow

Family PARIDAE

Poecile carolinensis, Carolina Chickadee

Poecile atricapillus, Black-capped Chickadee

Poecile gambeli, Mountain Chickadee

Poecile sclateri, Mexican Chickadee

Poecile rufescens, Chestnut-backed Chickadee

Poecile hudsonicus, Boreal Chickadee

Poecile cinctus, Gray-headed Chickadee

Baeolophus wollweberi, Bridled Titmouse

Baeolophus inornatus, Oak Titmouse

Baeolophus ridgwayi, Juniper Titmouse

Baeolophus bicolor, Tufted Titmouse

Baeolophus atricristatus, Black-crested Titmouse

Family REMIZIDAE

Auriparus flaviceps, Verdin

Family AEGITHALIDAE

Psaltriparus minimus, Bushtit

Family SITTIDAE

Subfamily SITTINAE

Sitta canadensis, Red-breasted Nuthatch

Sitta carolinensis, White-breasted Nuthatch

Sitta pygmaea, Pygmy Nuthatch

Sitta pusilla, Brown-headed Nuthatch

Family CERTHIIDAE

Subfamily CERTHIINAE

Certhia americana, Brown Creeper

Family TROGLODYTIDAE

Salpinctes obsoletus, Rock Wren

Catherpes mexicanus, Canyon Wren

Troglodytes aedon, House Wren

Troglodytes pacificus, Pacific Wren

Troglodytes hiemalis, Winter Wren

Cistothorus platensis, Sedge Wren

Cistothorus palustris, Marsh Wren

Thryothorus ludovicianus, Carolina Wren

Thryomanes bewickii, Bewick's Wren

Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus, Cactus Wren

Thryophilus sinaloa, Sinaloa Wren

Family POLIOPTILIDAE

Polioptila caerulea, Blue-Gray Gnatcatcher

Polioptila californica, California Gnatcatcher

Polioptila melanura, Black-tailed Gnatcatcher

Polioptila nigriceps, Black-capped Gnatcatcher

Family CINCLIDAE

Cinclus mexicanus, American Dipper

Family REGULIDAE

Regulus satrapa, Golden-crowned Kinglet

Regulus calendula, Ruby-crowned Kinglet

Family PHYLLOSCOPIDAE

Phylloscopus trochilus, Willow Warbler

Phylloscopus collybita, Common Chiffchaff

Phylloscopus sibilatrix, Wood Warbler

Phylloscopus fuscatus, Dusky Warbler

Phylloscopus proregulus, Pallas's Leaf Warbler

Phylloscopus inornatus, Yellow-browed Warbler

Phylloscopus borealis, Arctic Warbler

Phylloscopus examinandus, Kamchatka Leaf Warbler

Family SYLVIIDAE

Sylvia curruca, Lesser Whitethroat

Chamaea fasciata, Wrentit

Family ACROCEPHALIDAE

Arundinax aedon, Thick-billed Warbler

Acrocephalus luscinius, Nightingale Reed Warbler

Acrocephalus hiwae, Saipan Reed Warbler

Acrocephalus nijoi, Aguiquan Reed Warbler

Acrocephalus yamashinae, Pagan Reed Warbler

Acrocephalus familiaris, Millerbird

Acrocephalus schoenobaenus, Sedge Warbler

Acrocephalus dumetorum, Blyth's Reed Warbler

Family LOCUSTELLIDAE

Locustella ochotensis, Middendorff's Grasshopper-Warbler

Locustella fluviatilis, River Warbler

Locustella lanceolata, Lanceolated Warbler

Family MUSCICAPIDAE

Muscicapa griseisticta, Gray-streaked Flycatcher

Muscicapa dauurica, Asian Brown Flycatcher

Muscicapa striata, Spotted Flycatcher

Muscicapa sibirica, Dark-sided Flycatcher

Erithacus rubecula, European Robin

Larvivora cyane, Siberian Blue Robin

Larvivora sibilans, Rufous-tailed Robin

Cyanecula svecica, Bluethroat

Calliope calliope, Siberian Rubythroat

Tarsiger cyanurus, Red-flanked Bluetail

Ficedula narcissina, Narcissus Flycatcher

Ficedula mugimaki, Mugimaki Flycatcher

Ficedula albicilla, Taiga Flycatcher

Phoenicurus phoenicurus, Common Redstart

Saxicola torquatus, Stonechat

Oenanthe oenanthe, Northern Wheatear

Oenanthe pleschanka, Pied Wheatear

Family TURDIDAE

Monticola solitarius, Blue Rock-Thrush

Sialia sialis, Eastern Bluebird

Sialia mexicana, Western Bluebird

Sialia currucoides, Mountain Bluebird

Myadestes townsendi, Townsend's Solitaire

Myadestes occidentalis, Brown-backed Solitaire

Myadestes myadestinus, Kāma‘o

Myadestes lanaiensis, Oloma‘o

Myadestes obscurus, ‘Ōma‘o

Myadestes palmeri, Puaiohi

Catharus aurantiirostris, Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush

Catharus mexicanus, Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush

Catharus fuscescens, Veery

Catharus minimus, Gray-cheeked Thrush

Catharus bicknelli, Bicknell's Thrush

Catharus ustulatus, Swainson's Thrush

Catharus guttatus, Hermit Thrush

Hylocichla mustelina, Wood Thrush

Turdus obscurus, Eyebrowed Thrush

Turdus naumanni, Dusky Thrush

Turdus pilaris, Fieldfare
Turdus iliacus, Redwing
Turdus grayi, Clay-colored Thrush
Turdus assimilis, White-throated Thrush
Turdus rufopalliatus, Rufous-backed Robin
Turdus migratorius, American Robin
Turdus plumbeus, Red-legged Thrush
Ixoreus naevius, Varied Thrush
Ridgwayia pinicola, Aztec Thrush

Family MIMIDAE

Melanotis caerulescens, Blue Mockingbird
Melanoptila glabrirostris, Black Catbird
Dumetella carolinensis, Gray Catbird
Margarops fuscatus, Pearly-eyed Thrasher
Toxostoma curvirostre, Curve-billed Thrasher
Toxostoma rufum, Brown Thrasher
Toxostoma longirostre, Long-billed Thrasher
Toxostoma bendirei, Bendire's Thrasher
Toxostoma redivivum, California Thrasher
Toxostoma lecontei, LeConte's Thrasher
Toxostoma crissale, Crissal Thrasher
Oreoscoptes montanus, Sage Thrasher
Mimus gundlachii, Bahama Mockingbird

Mimus polyglottos, Northern Mockingbird

Family STURNIDAE

Agropsar philippensis, Chestnut-cheeked Starling

Spodiopsar cineraceus, White-cheeked Starling

Family BOMBYCILLIDAE

Bombycilla garrulus, Bohemian Waxwing

Bombycilla cedrorum, Cedar Waxwing

Family PTILIOGONATIDAE

Ptiliogonys cinereus, Gray Silky-flycatcher

Phainopepla nitens, Phainopepla

Family PEUCEDRAMIDAE

Peucedramus taeniatus, Olive Warbler

Family PRUNELLIDAE

Prunella montanella, Siberian Accentor

Family MOTACILLIDAE

Motacilla tschutschensis, Eastern Yellow Wagtail

Motacilla citreola, Citrine Wagtail

Motacilla cinerea, Gray Wagtail

Motacilla alba, White Wagtail

Anthus trivialis, Tree Pipit

Anthus hodgsoni, Olive-backed Pipit

Anthus gustavi, Pechora Pipit

Anthus cervinus, Red-throated Pipit

Anthus rubescens, American Pipit

Anthus spragueii, Sprague's Pipit

Family FRINGILLIDAE

Subfamily FRINGILLINAE

Fringilla coelebs, Common Chaffinch

Fringilla montifringilla, Brambling

Subfamily EUPHONINAE

Euphonia musica, Antillean Euphonia

Subfamily CARDUELINAE

Coccothraustes vespertinus, Evening Grosbeak

Coccothraustes coccothraustes, Hawfinch

Carpodacus erythrinus, Common Rosefinch

Carpodacus roseus, Pallas's Rosefinch

Melamprosops phaeosoma, Po'ouli

Oreomystis bairdi, 'Akikiki

Paroreomyza maculata, O'ahu 'Alauahio

Paroreomyza flammea, Kākāwahie

Paroreomyza montana, Maui 'Alauahio

Loxioides bailleui, Palila

Telespiza cantans, Laysan Finch

Telespiza ultima, Nihoa Finch

Palmeria dolei, 'Akohekohe

Himatione fraithii, Laysan Honeycreeper

Himatione sanguinea, 'Apapane
Drepanis coccinea, 'I'iwi
Psittirostra psittacea, 'Ō'ū
Pseudonestor xanthophrys, Maui Parrotbill
Hemignathus hanapepe, Kauai Nukupu'u
Hemignathus lucidus, O'ahu Nukupu'u
Hemignathus affinis, Maui Nukupu'u
Hemignathus wilsoni, 'Akiapola'au
Akialoa stejnegeri, Kauai 'Akialoa
Akialoa ellisiana, O'ahu 'Akialoa
Akialoa lanaiensis, Maui Nui 'Akialoa
Magumma parva, 'Anianiau
Chlorodrepanis virens, Hawaii 'Amakihi
Chlorodrepanis flava, O'ahu 'Amakihi
Chlorodrepanis stejnegeri, Kauai 'Amakihi
Loxops mana, Hawaii Creeper
Loxops caeruleirostris, 'Akeke'e
Loxops wolstenholmei, O'ahu 'Akepa
Loxops ochraceus, Maui 'Akepa
Loxops coccineus, Hawaii 'Akepa
Pinicola enucleator, Pine Grosbeak
Pyrrhula pyrrhula, Eurasian Bullfinch
Leucosticte arctoa, Asian Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte tephrocotis, Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte atrata, Black Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte australis, Brown-capped Rosy-Finch

Haemorhous mexicanus, House Finch

Haemorhous purpureus, Purple Finch

Haemorhous cassinii, Cassin's Finch

Chloris sinica, Oriental Greenfinch

Acanthis flammea, Common Redpoll

Acanthis hornemanni, Hoary Redpoll

Loxia curvirostra, Red Crossbill

Loxia sinesciuris, Cassia Crossbill

Loxia leucoptera, White-winged Crossbill

Spinus spinus, Eurasian Siskin

Spinus pinus, Pine Siskin

Spinus psaltria, Lesser Goldfinch

Spinus lawrencei, Lawrence's Goldfinch

Spinus tristis, American Goldfinch

Family CALCARIIDAE

Calcarius lapponicus, Lapland Longspur

Calcarius ornatus, Chestnut-collared Longspur

Calcarius pictus, Smith's Longspur

Rhynchophanes mccownii, McCown's Longspur

Plectrophenax nivalis, Snow Bunting

Plectrophenax hyperboreus, McKay's Bunting

Family EMBERIZIDAE

Emberiza leucocephalos, Pine Bunting

Emberiza chrysophrys, Yellow-browed Bunting

Emberiza pusilla, Little Bunting

Emberiza rustica, Rustic Bunting

Emberiza elegans, Yellow-throated Bunting

Emberiza aureola, Yellow-breasted Bunting

Emberiza variabilis, Gray Bunting

Emberiza pallasi, Pallas's Bunting

Emberiza schoeniclus, Reed Bunting

Family PASSERELLIDAE

Peucaea carpalis, Rufous-winged Sparrow

Peucaea botterii, Botteri's Sparrow

Peucaea cassinii, Cassin's Sparrow

Peucaea aestivalis, Bachman's Sparrow

Ammodramus savannarum, Grasshopper Sparrow

Arremonops rufivirgatus, Olive Sparrow

Amphispiza quinquestriata, Five-striped Sparrow

Amphispiza bilineata, Black-throated Sparrow

Chondestes grammacus, Lark Sparrow

Calamospiza melanocorys, Lark Bunting

Spizella passerina, Chipping Sparrow

Spizella pallida, Clay-colored Sparrow
Spizella atrogularis, Black-chinned Sparrow
Spizella pusilla, Field Sparrow
Spizella breweri, Brewer's Sparrow
Spizella wortheni, Worthen's Sparrow
Passerella iliaca, Fox Sparrow
Spizelloides arborea, American Tree Sparrow
Junco hyemalis, Dark-eyed Junco
Junco phaeonotus, Yellow-eyed Junco
Zonotrichia leucophrys, White-crowned Sparrow
Zonotrichia atricapilla, Golden-crowned Sparrow
Zonotrichia querula, Harris's Sparrow
Zonotrichia albicollis, White-throated Sparrow
Artemisiospiza nevadensis, Sagebrush Sparrow
Artemisiospiza belli, Bell's Sparrow
Pooecetes gramineus, Vesper Sparrow
Ammospiza leconteii, LeConte's Sparrow
Ammospiza maritima, Seaside Sparrow
Ammospiza nelsoni, Nelson's Sparrow
Ammospiza caudacuta, Saltmarsh Sparrow
Centronyx bairdii, Baird's Sparrow
Centronyx henslowii, Henslow's Sparrow
Passerculus sandwichensis, Savannah Sparrow

Melospiza melodia, Song Sparrow

Melospiza lincolni, Lincoln's Sparrow

Melospiza georgiana, Swamp Sparrow

Melospiza fusca, Canyon Towhee

Melospiza aberti, Abert's Towhee

Melospiza crissalis, California Towhee

Aimophila ruficeps, Rufous-crowned Sparrow

Pipilo chlorurus, Green-tailed Towhee

Pipilo maculatus, Spotted Towhee

Pipilo erythrophthalmus, Eastern Towhee

Family NESOSPINGIDAE

Nesospingus speculiferus, Puerto Rican Tanager

Family SPINDALIDAE

Spindalis zena, Western Spindalis

Spindalis portoricensis, Puerto Rican Spindalis

Family ICTERIIDAE

Icteria virens, Yellow-breasted Chat

Family ICTERIDAE

Subfamily XANTHOCEPHALINAE

Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus, Yellow-headed Blackbird

Subfamily DOLICHONYCHINAE

Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Bobolink

Subfamily STURNELLINAE

Sturnella magna, Eastern Meadowlark

Sturnella neglecta, Western Meadowlark

Subfamily ICTERINAE

Icterus portoricensis, Puerto Rican Oriole

Icterus wagleri, Black-vented Oriole

Icterus spurius, Orchard Oriole

Icterus cucullatus, Hooded Oriole

Icterus pustulatus, Streak-backed Oriole

Icterus bullockii, Bullock's Oriole

Icterus gularis, Altamira Oriole

Icterus graduacauda, Audubon's Oriole

Icterus galbula, Baltimore Oriole

Icterus abeillei, Black-backed Oriole

Icterus parisorum, Scott's Oriole

Subfamily AGELAIINAE

Agelaius phoeniceus, Red-winged Blackbird

Agelaius tricolor, Tricolored Blackbird

Agelaius humeralis, Tawny-shouldered Blackbird

Agelaius xanthomus, Yellow-shouldered Blackbird

Molothrus bonariensis, Shiny Cowbird

Molothrus aeneus, Bronzed Cowbird

Molothrus ater, Brown-headed Cowbird

Euphagus carolinus, Rusty Blackbird

Euphagus cyanocephalus, Brewer's Blackbird

Quiscalus quiscula, Common Grackle

Quiscalus major, Boat-tailed Grackle

Quiscalus mexicanus, Great-tailed Grackle

Quiscalus niger, Greater Antillean Grackle

Family PARULIDAE

Seiurus aurocapilla, Ovenbird

Helmitheros vermivorum, Worm-eating Warbler

Parkesia motacilla, Louisiana Waterthrush

Parkesia noveboracensis, Northern Waterthrush

Vermivora bachmanii, Bachman's Warbler

Vermivora chrysoptera, Golden-winged Warbler

Vermivora cyanoptera, Blue-winged Warbler

Mniotilta varia, Black-and-white Warbler

Protonotaria citrea, Prothonotary Warbler

Limnothlypis swainsonii, Swainson's Warbler

Oreothlypis superciliosa, Crescent-chested Warbler

Leiothlypis peregrina, Tennessee Warbler

Leiothlypis celata, Orange-crowned Warbler

Leiothlypis crissalis, Colima Warbler

Leiothlypis luciae, Lucy's Warbler

Leiothlypis ruficapilla, Nashville Warbler

Leiothlypis virginiae, Virginia's Warbler

Oporornis agilis, Connecticut Warbler
Geothlypis poliocephala, Gray-crowned Yellowthroat
Geothlypis tolmiei, MacGillivray's Warbler
Geothlypis philadelphia, Mourning Warbler
Geothlypis formosa, Kentucky Warbler
Geothlypis trichas, Common Yellowthroat
Setophaga angelae, Elfin-woods Warbler
Setophaga citrina, Hooded Warbler
Setophaga ruticilla, American Redstart
Setophaga kirtlandii, Kirtland's Warbler
Setophaga tigrina, Cape May Warbler
Setophaga cerulea, Cerulean Warbler
Setophaga americana, Northern Parula
Setophaga pitiayumi, Tropical Parula
Setophaga magnolia, Magnolia Warbler
Setophaga castanea, Bay-breasted Warbler
Setophaga fusca, Blackburnian Warbler
Setophaga petechia, Yellow Warbler
Setophaga pensylvanica, Chestnut-sided Warbler
Setophaga striata, Blackpoll Warbler
Setophaga caerulescens, Black-throated Blue Warbler
Setophaga palmarum, Palm Warbler
Setophaga pinus, Pine Warbler

Setophaga coronata, Yellow-rumped Warbler
Setophaga dominica, Yellow-throated Warbler
Setophaga discolor, Prairie Warbler
Setophaga adelaidae, Adelaide's Warbler
Setophaga graciae, Grace's Warbler
Setophaga nigrescens, Black-throated Gray Warbler
Setophaga townsendi, Townsend's Warbler
Setophaga occidentalis, Hermit Warbler
Setophaga chrysoparia, Golden-cheeked Warbler
Setophaga virens, Black-throated Green Warbler
Basileuterus lachrymosus, Fan-tailed Warbler
Basileuterus rufifrons, Rufous-capped Warbler
Basileuterus culicivorus, Golden-crowned Warbler
Cardellina canadensis, Canada Warbler
Cardellina pusilla, Wilson's Warbler
Cardellina rubrifrons, Red-faced Warbler
Myioborus pictus, Painted Redstart
Myioborus miniatus, Slate-throated Redstart

Family CARDINALIDAE

Piranga flava, Hepatic Tanager
Piranga rubra, Summer Tanager
Piranga olivacea, Scarlet Tanager
Piranga ludoviciana, Western Tanager

Piranga bidentata, Flame-colored Tanager

Rhodothraupis celaeno, Crimson-collared Grosbeak

Cardinalis cardinalis, Northern Cardinal

Cardinalis sinuatus, Pyrrhuloxia

Pheucticus chrysopheplus, Yellow Grosbeak

Pheucticus ludovicianus, Rose-breasted Grosbeak

Pheucticus melanocephalus, Black-headed Grosbeak

Cyanocompsa parellina, Blue Bunting

Passerina caerulea, Blue Grosbeak

Passerina amoena, Lazuli Bunting

Passerina cyanea, Indigo Bunting

Passerina versicolor, Varied Bunting

Passerina ciris, Painted Bunting

Spiza americana, Dickcissel

Family THRAUPIDAE

Subfamily DACNINAE

Cyanerpes cyaneus, Red-legged Honeycreeper

Subfamily COEREBINAE

Coereba flaveola, Bananaquit

Tiaris olivaceus, Yellow-faced Grassquit

Melanospiza bicolor, Black-faced Grassquit

Melopyrrha portoricensis, Puerto Rican Bullfinch

Subfamily SPOROPHILINAE

Sporophila moreletii, Morelet's Seedeater

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Signed: _____.

George Wallace,

Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 2020-06779 Filed: 4/15/2020 8:45 am; Publication Date: 4/16/2020]